#110th Marketing Club 18th Riyadh

72nd Business Club

FMP Fast Moving Pharma Marketing

Tuesday 3-10-2023 10 PM EGY 10 PM KSA 11 PM UAE

FOUNDER & HOST

Dr.Mahmoud Bahgat



INSTRUCTOR

Dr. Saber Helal Marketing Manager



✓ <u>Saber Helal</u>

- Regional marketing and CRM manager at Andalusia Healthcare group.
- Regional Business Manager for 8 Countries at Morecare International - Nutrigenomix project (12/2018- till now).
- ✓ Group product manager at Dulex Lab Nutrition sports unit (FMCG market) from (9/2017- Till now).
- ✓ Worked as product manager for Dulex Lab Nutrition Sports Line (FMCG market) From (5/2017 till 9/2017).
- ✓ Worked as product manager for Dulex Lab Nutraceutical Line from (5-2015 till 5/2016).
- ✓ Worked for GSK Company Primary care unit then Product specialist for CVS unit from (1-2010 till 5-2015).

Email Address: <u>helalsaber4@gmail.com</u> Mob.: 01000075871 - 508131836







Fast Moving Pharma

New Vision.. Take Decision

Saber Helal







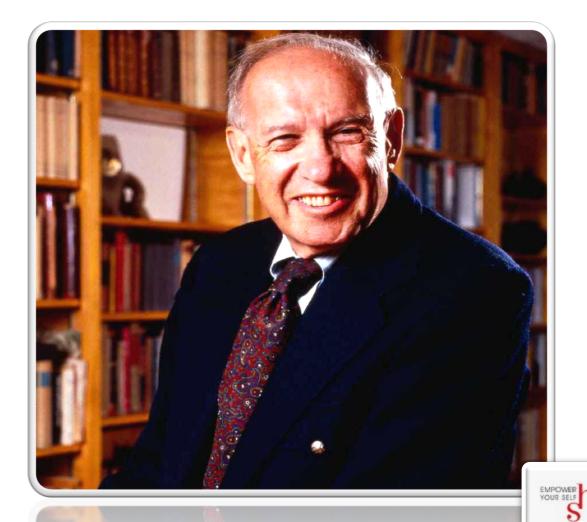


- ➢Pharma industry analysis.
- Pharma Landscape 2020.
- ➢Pharma changes.
- Changing Pharma business model.
- ➢ Prescription for success.









"Business has only two basic functions marketing and innovation" - Peter Drucker



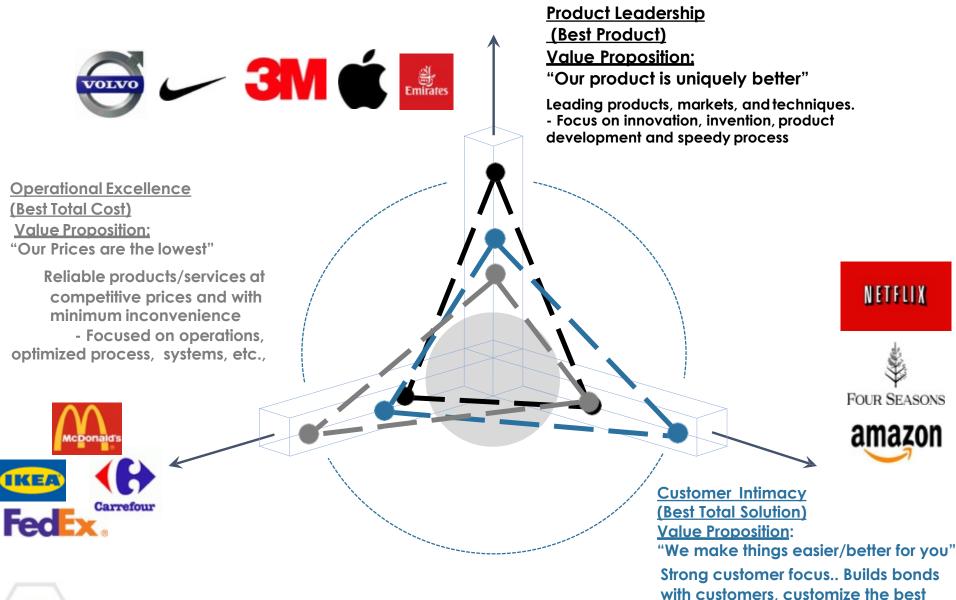


Pharma Industry analysis





Value Disciplines for Company Competitive Positioning



in

Treacy and Wiersema -Value Disciplines model

identifies three value disciplines

Market leaders choose to excel in delivering extraordinary levels of one particular value while maintaining a threshold standard on other dimensions of value

Silverline: Align your business model to the real reason customers buy from you, rather than somebody else. (Value Proposition)

= Threshold Value

= Leadership Value

overall solution - customer

relationship,

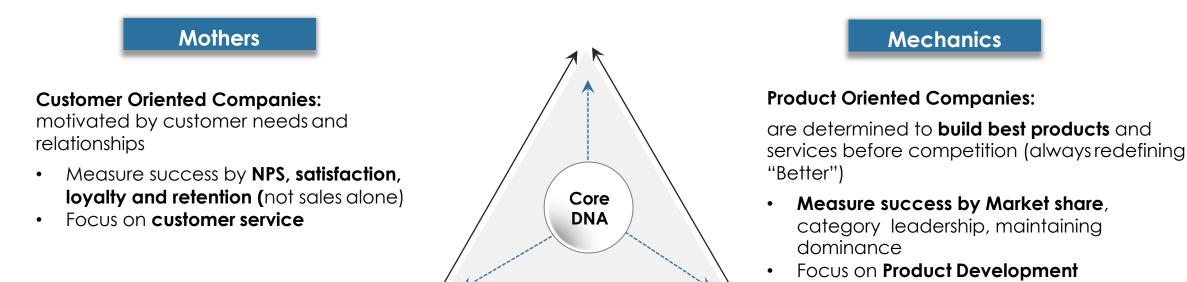
Core DNA for company positioning

1

Who are you as a company? Why do you matter for the customer?



Core DNA and the corresponding Genotypes offer an opportunity to narrow positioning choices while at the same time ensuring that the company position is aligned with its identity



Concept Oriented Companies:

dedicated to delivering life-changing innovation, creating vision and revolutionary ideas

Missionaries

- Measure success by achieving thought leadership and cult-like followership
- Focus on Ideas, Innovation and changing customer behavior

Core DNA for company positioning - Genotypes

Who are you as a company? Why do you matter for the customer?

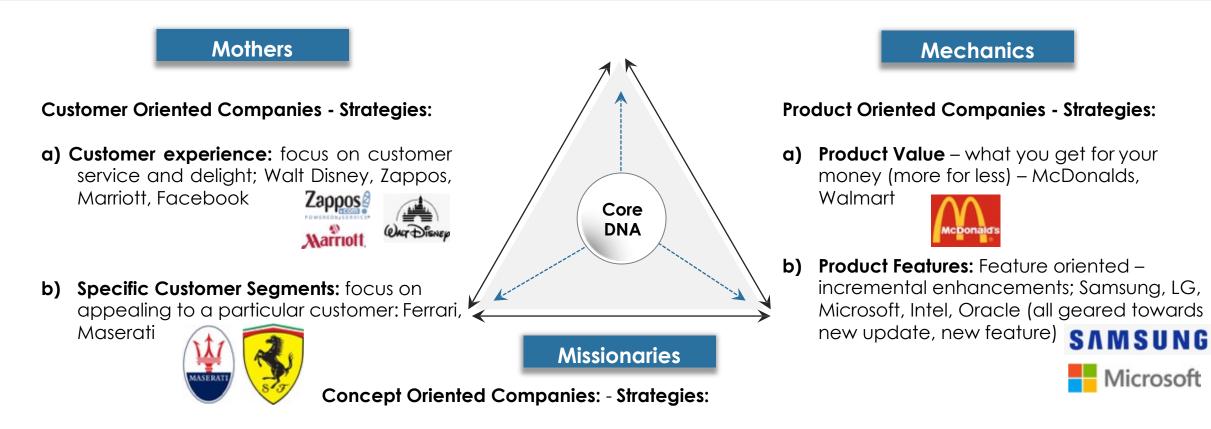
Core DNA and the corresponding Genotypes offer an opportunity to

narrow positioning choices while at the same time ensuring that the

Fed

company position is aligned with its identity

SIG



- a) Next Big Thing (very often startups) Google, Starbucks (third place), Fedex, Apple, Alphabet (formerly Google), Tesla, Uber
- b) Cult Personality leader; Howard Shultz (Starbucks), Steve Jobs (Apple cult around the product), Virgin

Product

- 1- R&D driven products.
 2- R&D not linked with Marketing.
- 3- Traditional without Innovation.
- 4- Mass market (Blockbuster) Strategy

5- Generics products domain market

- 6- Fixed package.
- 7- Portfolio Products without service.

Price

Place

 1- Fixed price.
 2- Payment based on Prescriptions.

3- What is the market

bear & rebates and

discounting

1- Traditional channels.

(Pharmacists – Distribution companies – Warehouses)

Promotion

 1-Face to Face detailing (85%).
 2- Free Medical Sample.
 3- Conferences.

4- CME (Stand alone meeting).
5- Gifts , Literature.
6- Online testing water.
7- Mobile APPS.
Slow adoption.





Company	Announced Job Cuts
Pfizer	10,000
AstraZeneca	7,600
Merck & Co.	7,200
Bayer	6,000
Schering-Plough	5,500
Johnson & Johnson	5,000
GlaxoSmithKline	5,000
Amgen	2,600
Novartis	2,500
Wyeth	1,200
sanofi-aventis	700
Total	53,300







Activities that employ personal selling to promote drugs to physicians according to the following criteria:

- 1- Activity concerning physicians.
- 2- Frequency of medical representatives visits.
- 3– Characteristics of provided information.
- 4– Physicians' trust in provided information.
- 5– Spending of pharmaceutical companies.
- 6– Promotion means.





Pharmaceutical companies which are most actively employing medical representatives activity to work with physicians for promoting their drugs: Percentage of respondents who called on this firm, % **Company Name** Rank **EIPICO** 46.4 1 Pharco 25.4 2 22.1 3 Amoun GlaxoSmithKline 21.7 18.4 Novartis **Medical Union Pharma** 10.4 6 SEDICO 9 8.9 8 Eva Pfizer 8.2 9 Egyphar 10 7.4 7.2 11 Delta 12 Sanofi Aventis 6.4 13 Abbott 5.9 5.4 14 Top-z 15 Sandoz 4.6 4.5 16 Global NAPI 17 Al Ameria 4.4

Multiapex

Adwia

Sigma

Andalous

CID

M.S.D

Hikma

Nile

Servier

Minapharm

AstraŻeneca

Minapharm

Merck Serono

MEPACO

3.5

3.2 3

2.1

2.1

1.9

1.3

1.3

1.1

1

1

1

1 0.7

Total number of visits of medical representatives to physicians		
Number Of visits per month	ts per physicians who answered	
Less 1	0.6	
1–2	3.6	
3–5	7	
6–10	17.2	
More than 10	71.6	

Name of pharmaceutical companies which visits of medical representative were most remembered by physicians:

Rank	Company Name	Percentage of respondents who mentioned this pharmaceutical company, %	
1	EIPICO	57.9	
2	G.S.K	5.8	
3	PHARCO	5.1	
4	NOVARTIS	4.4	
5	AMOUN 4.2		
6	PFIZER	2.2	
7-8	EVA PHARMA	2	
7-8	MEDICAL.UNION	2	
9	TOP Z Pharma	1.9	
10	SANOFI AVENTIS	1.6	
11	SEDICO	1.4	
12	DELTA	1.2	
13-15	Abbott	0.9	
13-15	Multiplex	0.9	
13-15	EGYPHAR	0.9	
16	SANDOZ	0.8	
17-18	AL America	0.6	
17-18	M.S.D	0.6	



18

19

20

21

22-23

22-23

24-25

24-25

27-30

27-30

27-30

27-30

31

26

	Spending of pharmaceutical companies on a physician per year (according to physicians opinion)		Promotion Means 1- Distribution of specialized literature	
			2- Low valuable gift3- Invitations to parties organized by pharmaceutical	
	Sum in \$	Percentage of respondents who chose this answer %	companies 4- Offering free medicines for charity Events.	
			5- Financial incentives, gifts and souvenirs	
	0	25.5	6- Financial participation in	
	Less than 10	10.2	organizing trips to symposia, workshops and congresses	
	10–20	10.9	7- Sponsorship of scientific	
	20–100	16.2	papers 8- Helping by technical	
	100–500	20.5	equipment in consulting	
particular de la construcción de la	500–1000	9	offices 9- providing free sample drugs	
	More than 1000	7.7	5 providing nee sample drugs	
Marketing				

The relation of physicians to drug advertising Percent

Percent%

21.6%

30.5%

7.7%

32.2%

31.5%

56.8%

18.6%

18.2%

88.7%



The Relation of physicians	Percent %
Negative.	14.4
Positive in case of advertising of non- prescribed drugs.	34.5
Positive in case of advertising of non- prescribed drugs and prescribed drugs in specialized editions and tools for health workers.	48.1

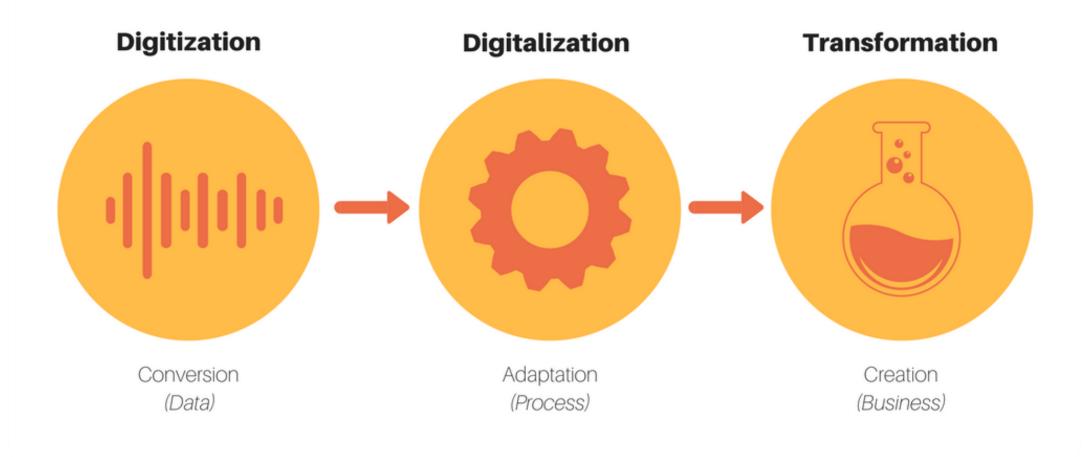


Pharma Digital analysis













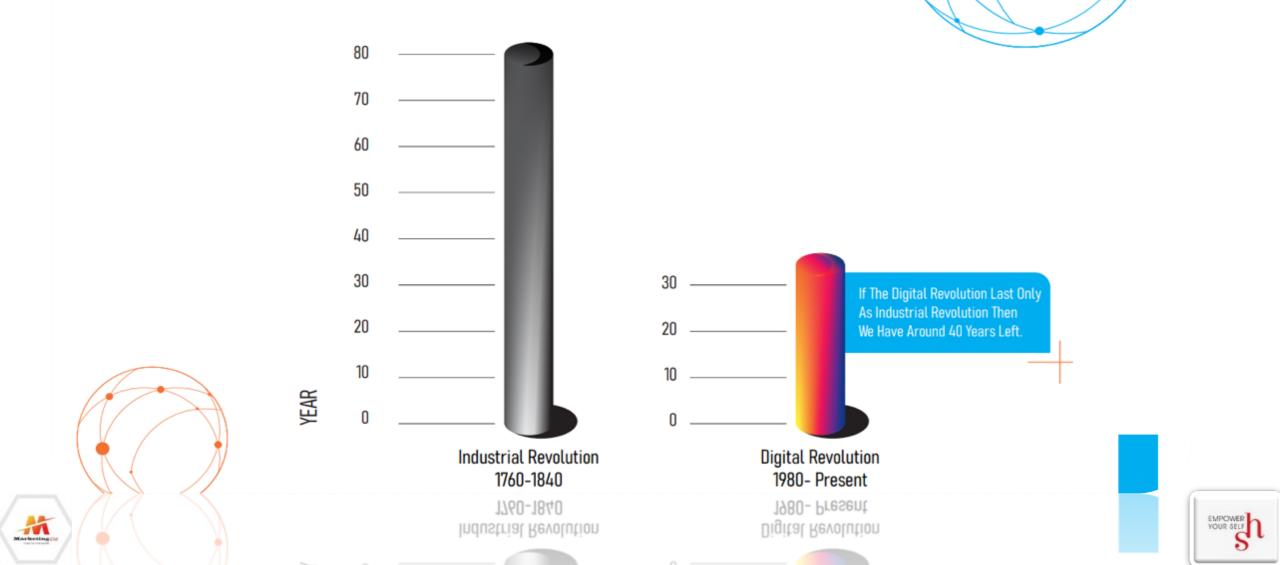


Business)

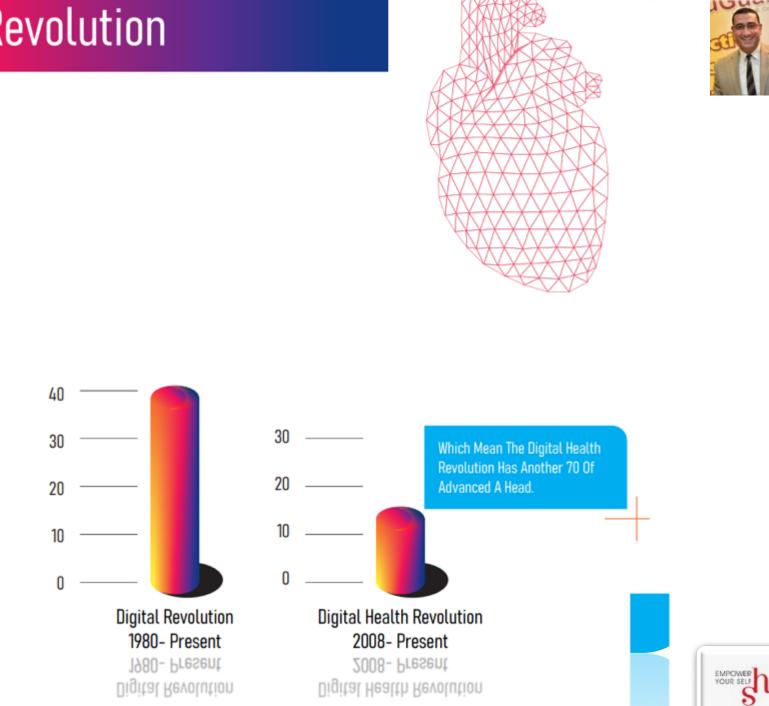


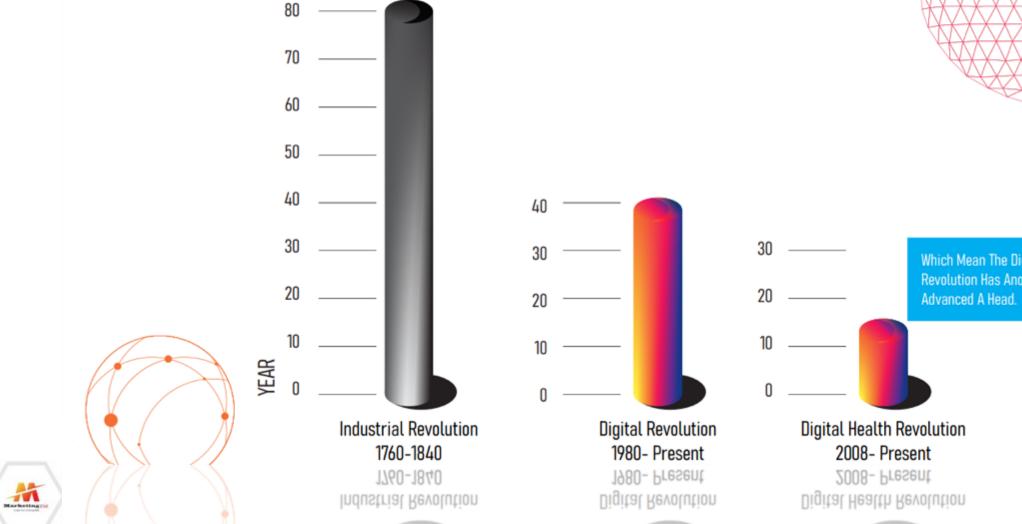


The Digital Revolution

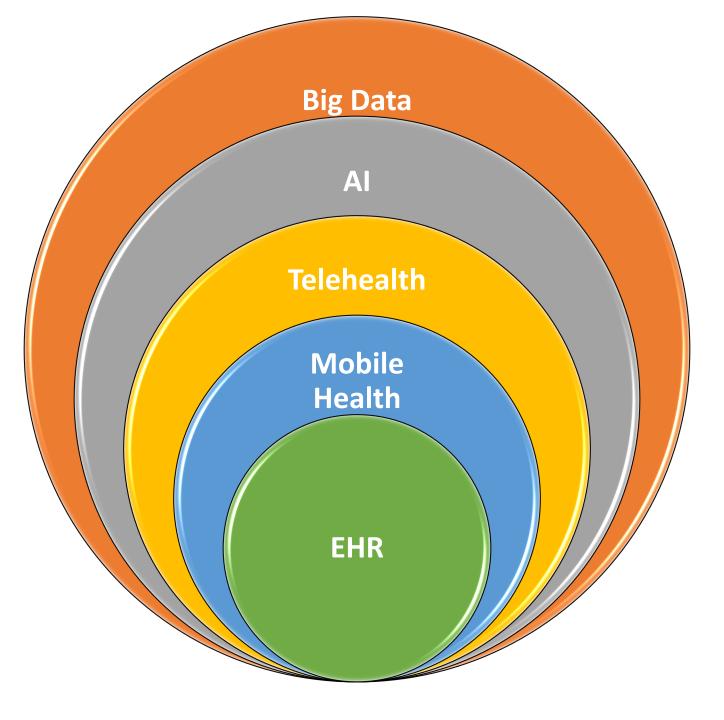


The Digital Revolution







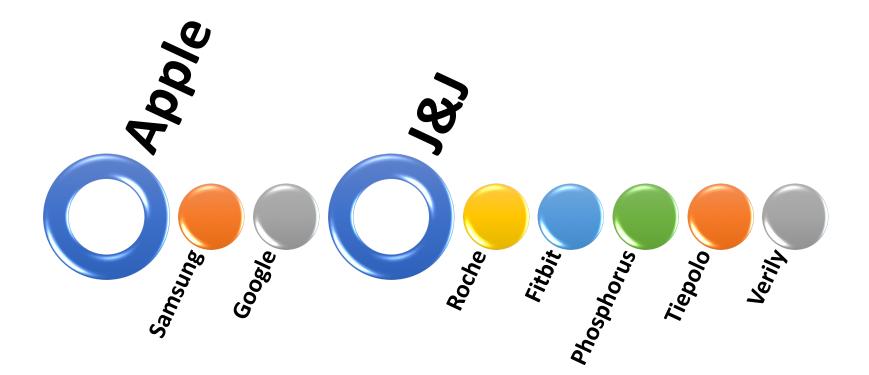






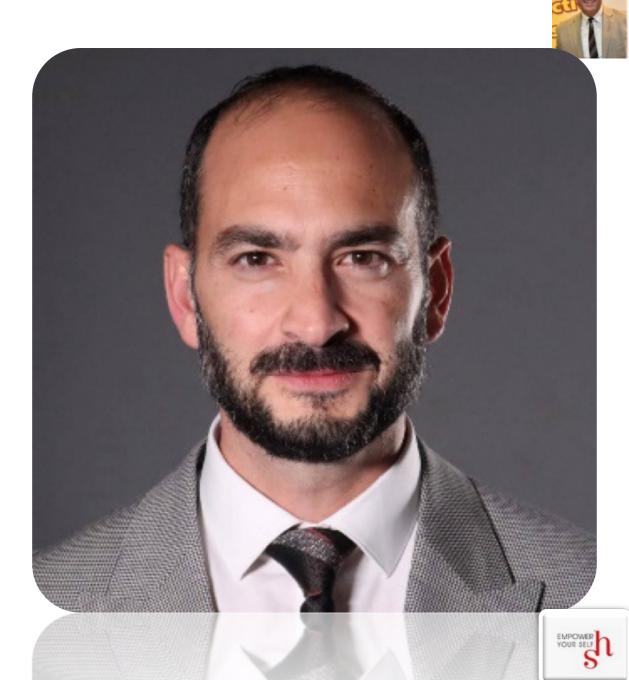
FDA Pre-Certification pilot:











"الوظيفه الاكثر طلبا فى الشركه هى البرمجه فالاستثمار فى التكنولوجيا لم يعد رفاهيه" - دكتور رياض ارمانيوس



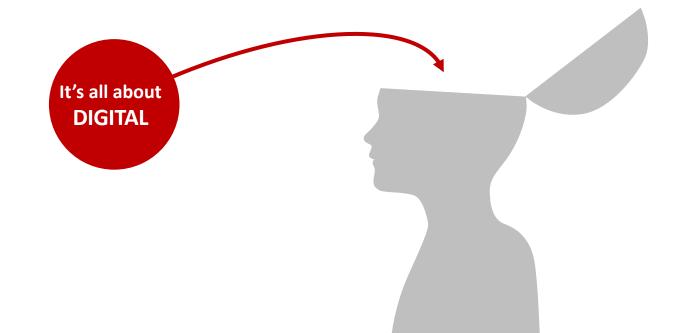




العاقية تعاون مع مجموعة إيفا شاء مدرسة "إنجا الدوابة التكنولوجيا التطبيقية" بمدينا لا ياف الجيزة

Marketing

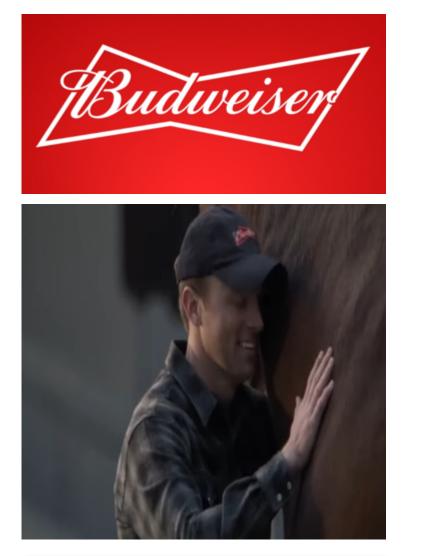








IT'S A TINY LITTLE TOOL







EMPOWER YOUR SELF



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uiJqzdOr4Ok

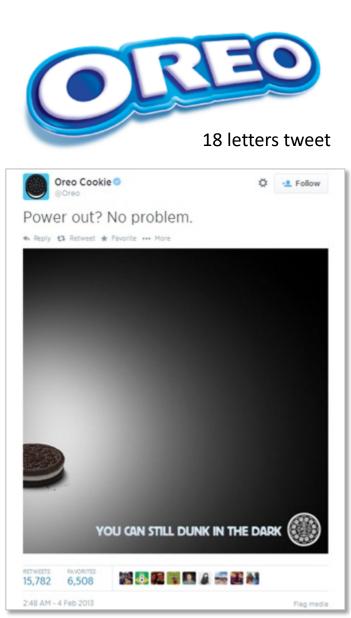
IT'S A TINY LITTLE TOOL

- **65K** Twitter followers at the time
- 2% Click Through Rate CTR average 1.64% - Big brands with more then 10K followers = 0.45%
- 1.3K Clicked
- **15K** Retweeted (amplification)
- **208** average American has 208 Followers
- 3M+ have seen it
- **2%** Click Through Rate CTR
- 64K Clicked

A

40M Oreo customer base in the US



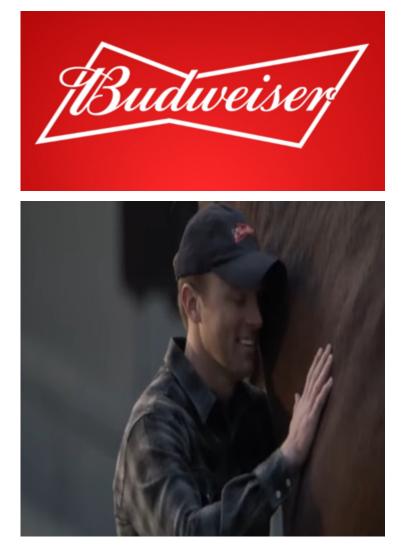








IT'S A TINY LITTLE TOOL



108M 47%	watch the super boy see the ad	۸I
50M	Viewers	
Creativ	/e Beautiful	Brand Specific
Prime Dema		Brand magic

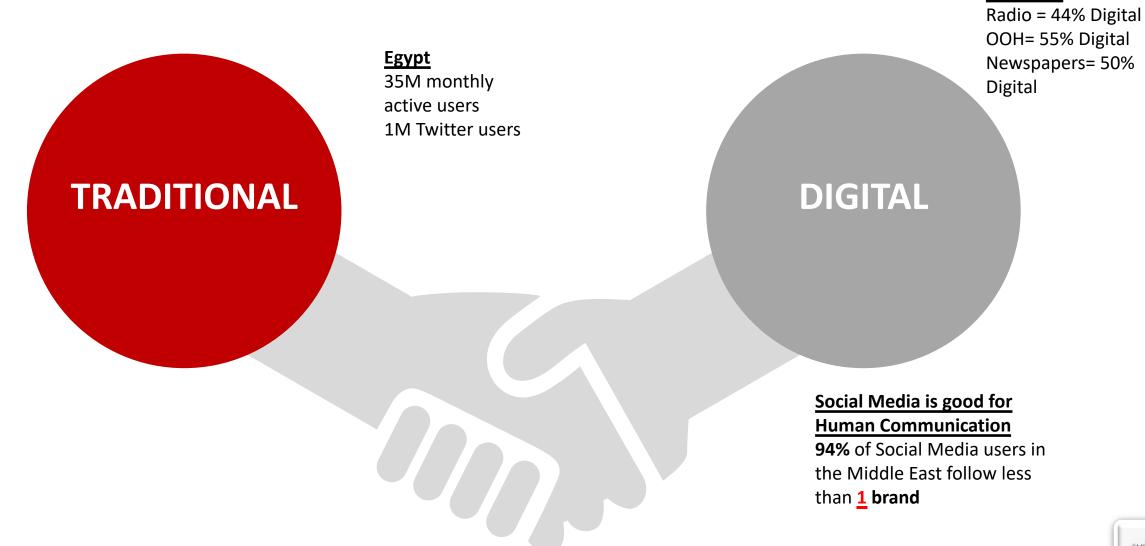




IT'S A TINY LITTLE TOOL



In the UK



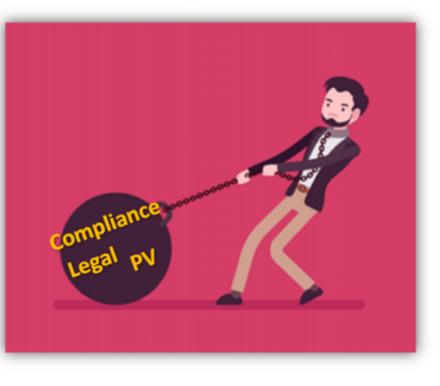




Digital in the Pharma Industry

Digital Capabilities in business





Activate Windows Go to Settings to activate Windows

> EMPOWER YOUR SELF



Digital in the Pharma Industry



Digital Capabilities in business





Factors affecting Presence of Pharmaceutical Company on social media:

Technical

Regulatory

Companies are starting to deal with the lack of regulatory transparency by publishing their own guidelines (e.g. Roche and AstraZeneca) Pharmaceutical companies to automate 90% of their adverse event reporting and vastly reduce the amount of time spent on manual tasks relating to this important issue. Companies must accept the differences of, and embrace the potential benefits of, social media channels. These channels must

Internal

be integrated into the overall marketing and corporate communications strategy and be chosen to be part of an overall campaign if the tool fits the desired outcome.



JULU



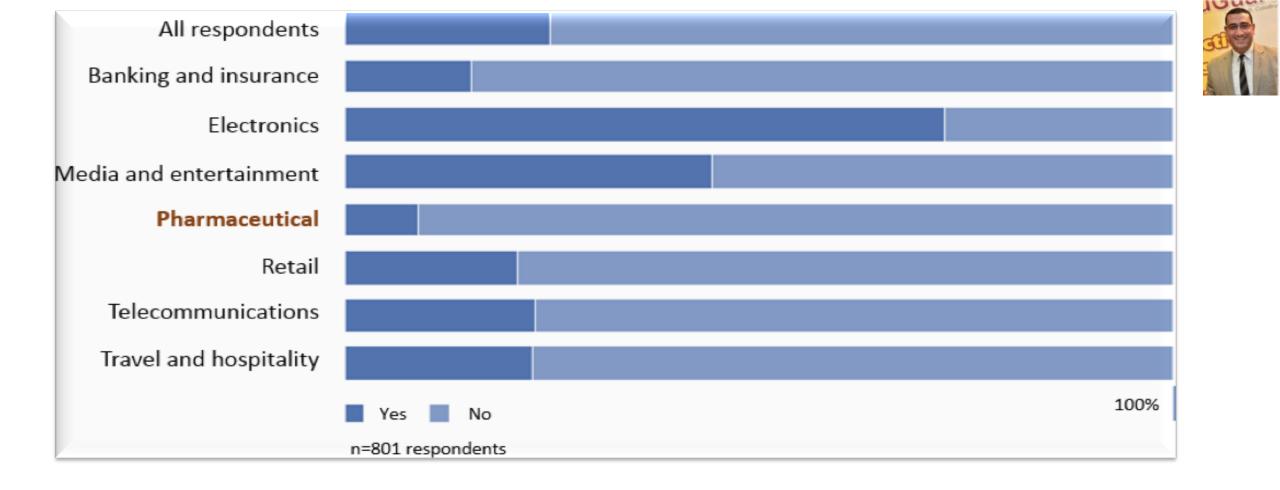
Factors affecting Presence of Pharmaceutical Company on social media:

The type of pharmaceutical company Portfolio. The digital strategy that each pharmaceutical company puts in place for each social media platform.

The most relevant social media platforms that are the focus of analysis (Facebook, Twitter and YouTube).







In a study titled "IBM Institute for Business Value Benchmarking Program - Sales and marketing Study" developed by IBM in the beginning of 2011, several sales and marketing managers (88 from pharmaceutical companies) were inquired.
 According to retrieved data, the pharmaceutical sector is far behind in terms of social media engagement when comparing to other industries.





SUC

Why Pharma Companies Essentially Need Digital Marketing?

- Patients are more informed than ever.
- Changing the idea of 'patients'.
- More visibility and tracking.
- No control over information.
- Technology taking over the market.
- Huge amounts of health information.





On Line and Mobile apps.:

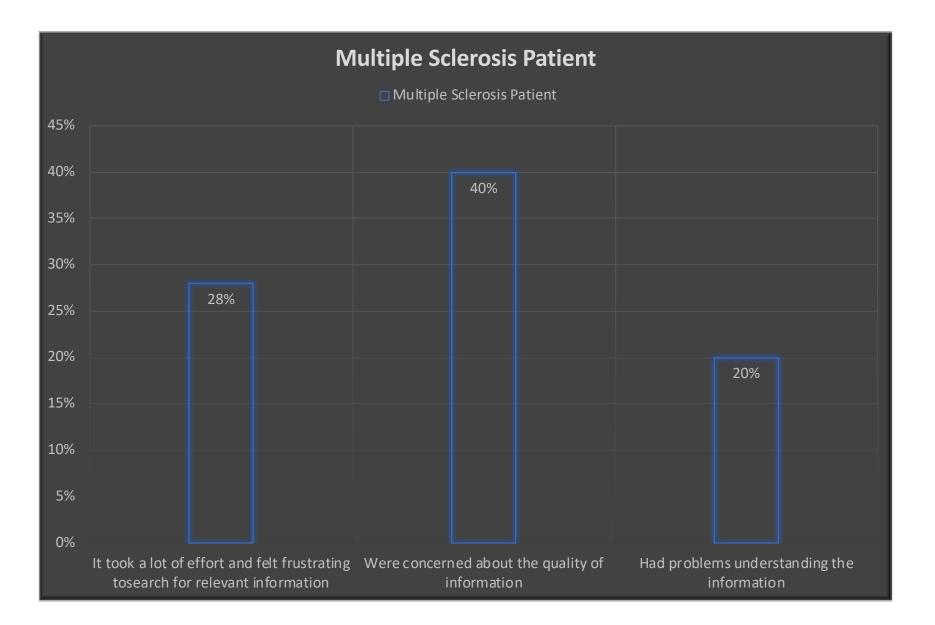


Interview 🗆 Percent 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Seen online reviews of Search information about Posted their personal Have taken some health testimonials about medicines information from these certain diseases or treatments medicines or treatments platforms or treatments

Interview USA with 3001 (74% uses internet) 2014













Consumer Engagement with Pharma Market:

"HRI Week in the Life Of Analysis" the interactions between consumers and pharmaceutical pharmaceutical companies through the company's Facebook page.

	(Consumer Interaction	
60%			
50%			
40%			
30%			
20%			
10%			
0%	Made questions	Provided Fedback	Shared and developed conversations in the online platform



EMPOWER YOUR SELF

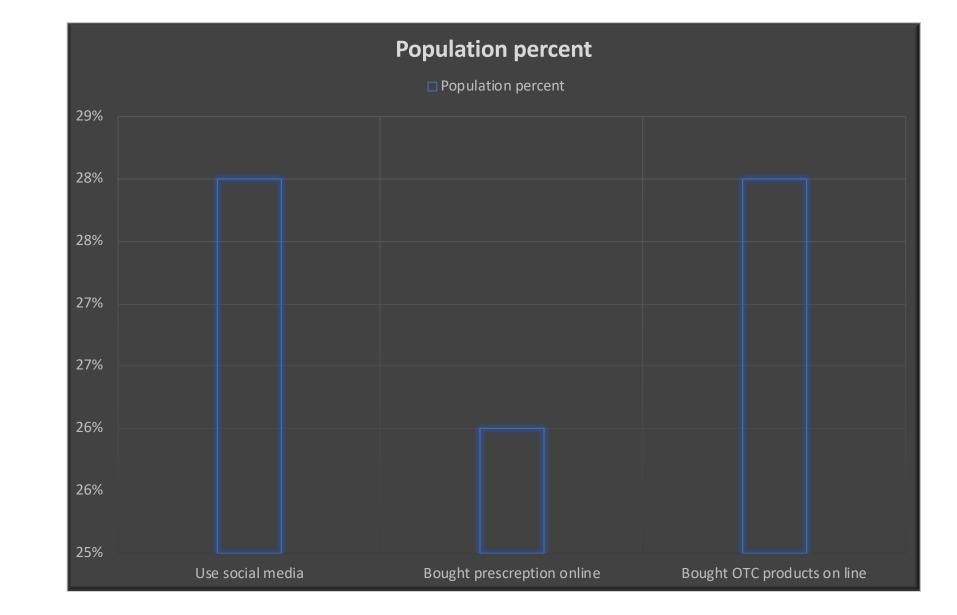


Consumer Engagement with Pharma Market:



EMPOWER YOUR SELF

-



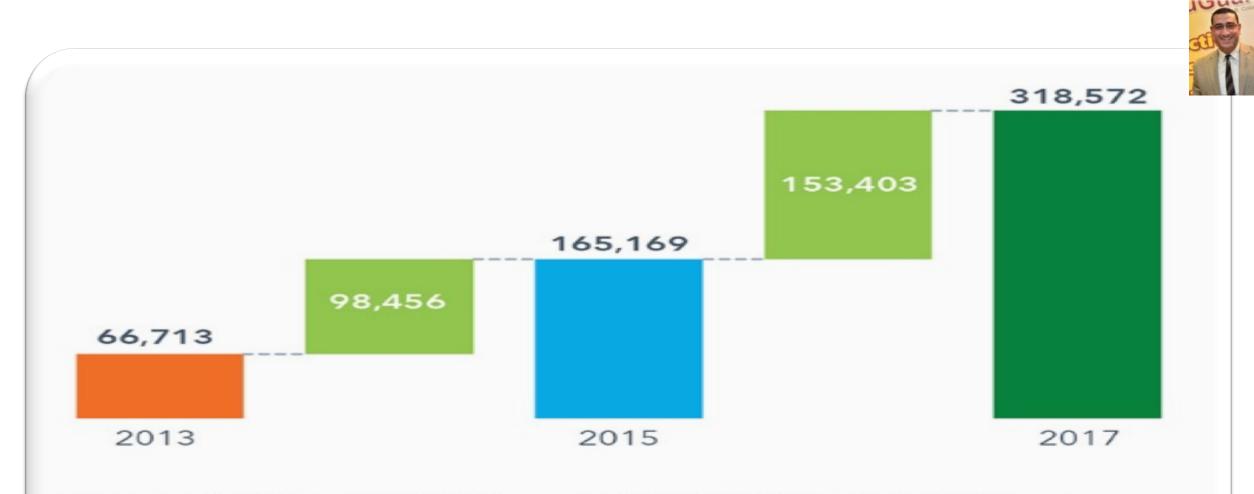
28% Total population between 18-60 years

Markening ou

Company	Headquarters	Country of origin of fans (Facebook) (%) ^(a)			
		1º	2º	<u>3º</u>	49
Pfizer	USA	Egypt 19,6%	USA 13,5%	India 9,5%	Brazil 4,7%
Novartis	Switzerland	Egypt 17,5%	India 10,6%	USA 8,7%	Brazil 8,6%
Merck & Co.	USA	USA 30,9%	India 8,5%	Egypt 5,9%	Brazil 4,5%
Sanofi	France	USA 65,3%	Brazil 3,7%	Egypt 3,6%	Algeria 2,6%
Roche	Switzerland	Egypt 29,5%	USA 9,5%	Germany 7,4%	India 5,8%
Roche (Genentech)	USA	USA 75,4%	India 3,2%	United Kingdom 1,6%	Egypt 1,2%
GlaxoSmithKline	England	United Kingdom	Egypt 10,3%	India 7,4%	Pakistan 6,4%
AstraZeneca	England	USA 64,7%	Egypt 7,9%	India 3,3%	Brazil 2,1%
Abbott Laboratories	USA	India 32,3%	USA 12%	Brazil 7,9%	Egypt 5,2%
Eli Lilly	USA	USA 43%	Brazil 6,3%	India 5,5%	Egypt 3,8%
Teva	Israel	USA 18,1%	Israel 16,9%	India 9,0%	Hungary 5,9%
Bayer	Germany	Mexico 15,6%	Italy 13,7%	Pakistan 12,7%	Egypt 12,4%
Boehringer Ingelheim	Germany	Egypt 18,9%	Pakistan 16,4%	Philippines 16,2%	India 7,3%
Novo Nordisk	Denmark	Algeria 35,8%	Indonesia 15,6%	Egypt 12,5%	Peru 9,1%







Sources: 42 Matters, Jul 2017; Mevvy, Jun 2015; IQVIA AppScript Database, Jul 2015; IQVIA Institute, Jul 2017 Report: The Growing Value of Digital Health. IQVIA Institute for Human Data Science, Nov 2017

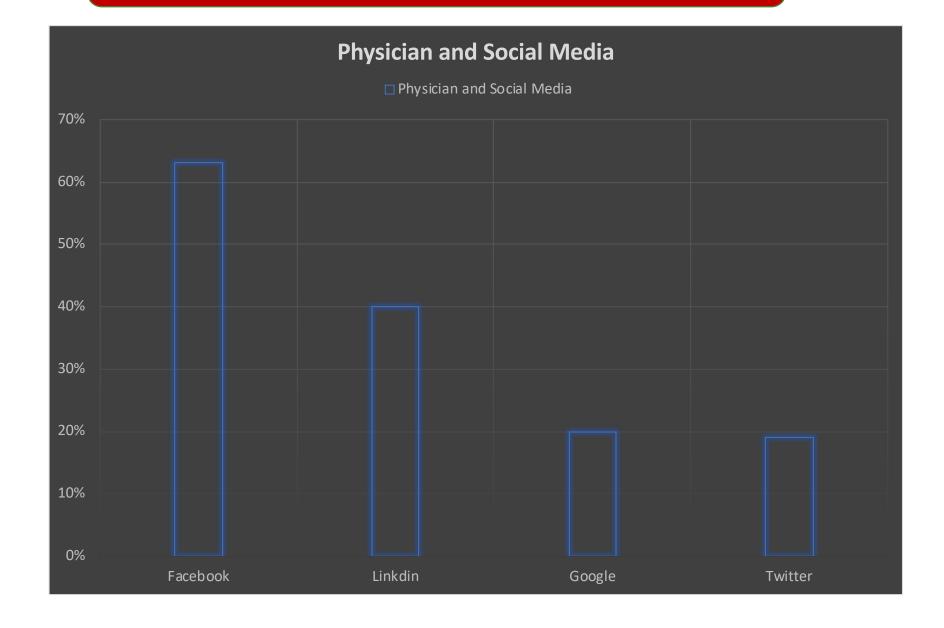


Report: The Growing Value of Digital Health. IQVIA Institute for Human Data Science, Nov 2017



Provider Engagement with Pharma Market:



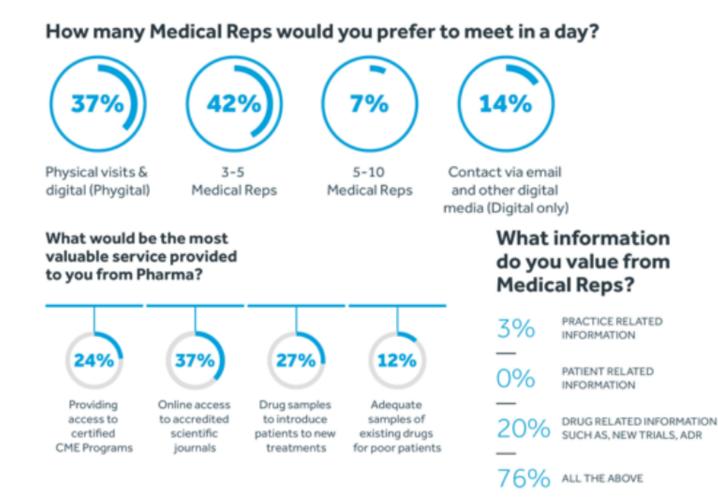


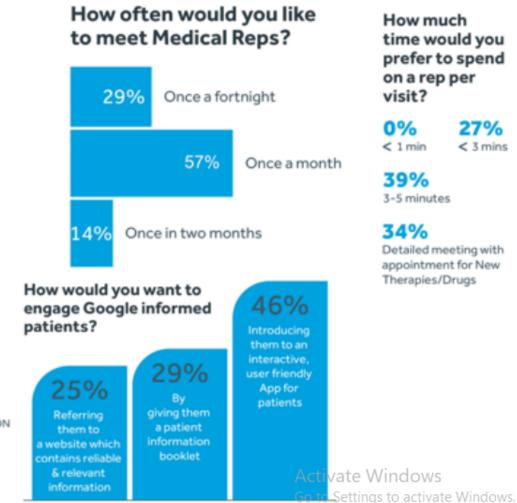




Conversations between HCPs and human touch points still remain very relevant

Findings basis a survey* with HCPs on IQVIA HCP Space



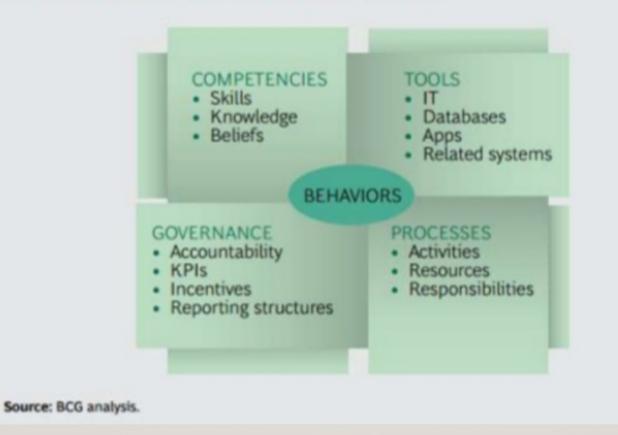


*The survey was floated among 10,000 GPs from Africa (3300+), Middle East (4500+) & India (2100+). These GPs are registered users on IQVIA HCP Space (IQVIA's proprietary HCP network).

JULU



EXHIBIT 1 | Components of a Capability



Activate Windows





Impact of empowering Reps with advanced digital capabilities

- \checkmark More customer insights for an improved quality of engagement
- \checkmark Accessibility F2F time with HCPs has diminished
- ✓ Changing Customer Behavior & Expectations
- ✓ Dx Speed, Convenience, Personalization
- ✓ Remote consultation & monitoring
- \checkmark Increase reach with <code>lower cost</code>
- ✓ Reduced HCP Visits
- ✓ <u>Maximize</u> engagement
- ✓ Enable Efficiencies







Remote interactions

Emailers, Virtual events & remote detailing



+ F2F Calls

Activate Windows



Time

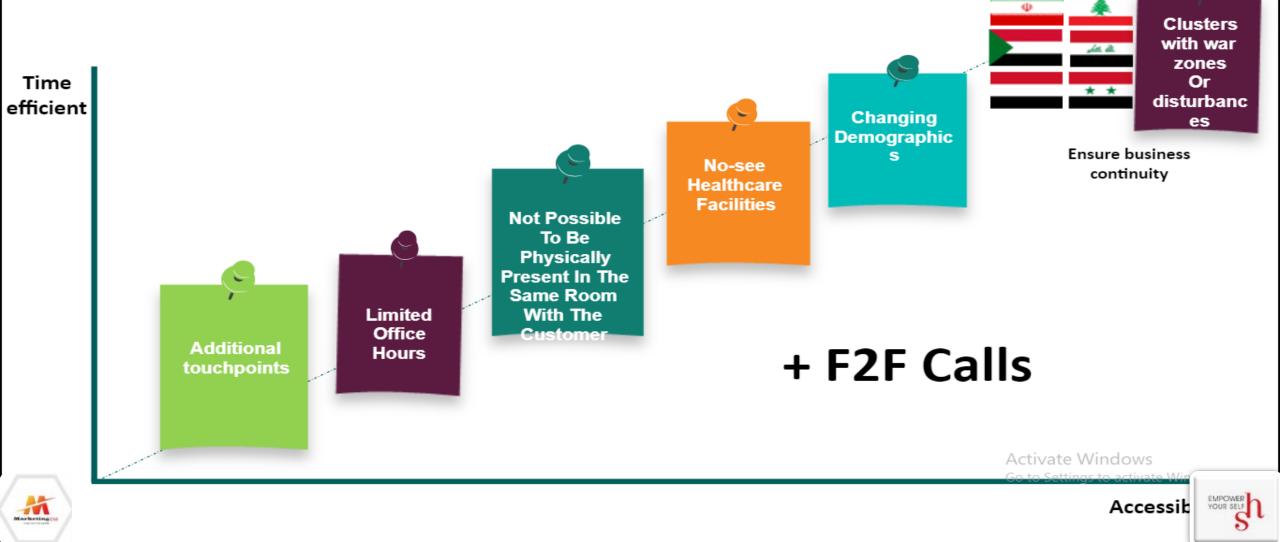
efficient





Remote interactions

Emailers, Virtual events & remote detailing



Pfizer	 Established a deal with Sermo that allows physicians to access the company's clinical data and in the other hand, allows Pfizer to interact directly with physicians of the online community.
Baxa Corporation	 Not only possess a corporate Facebook named "Culture of Safety", but also a "LinkedIn Business Group".
Johnson & Johnson	 ✓ Bought the online community named "Children with Diabetes", and provides support to Facebook pages like ADHD-MOM, Johnson's Baby and Neutrogena. ✓ This company also has an active Twitter account, with more than 6 million followers and a YouTube channel.





SIL

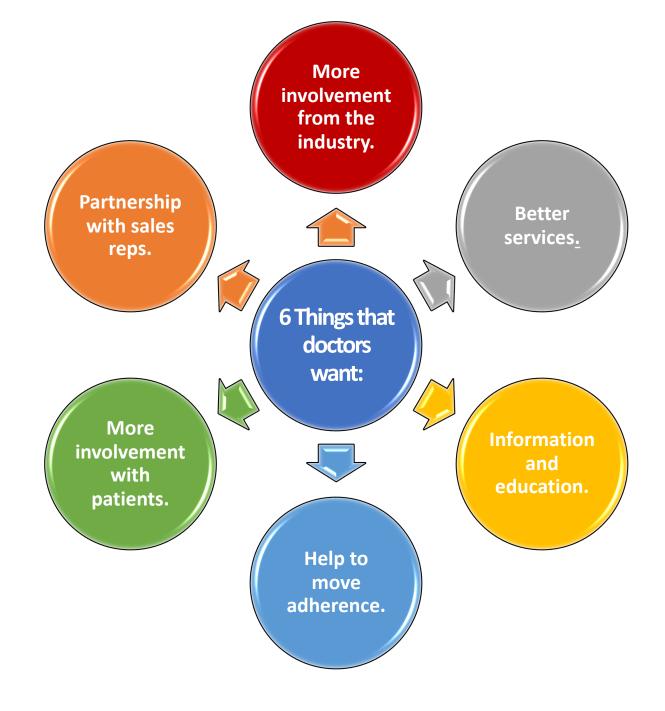


Want analysis





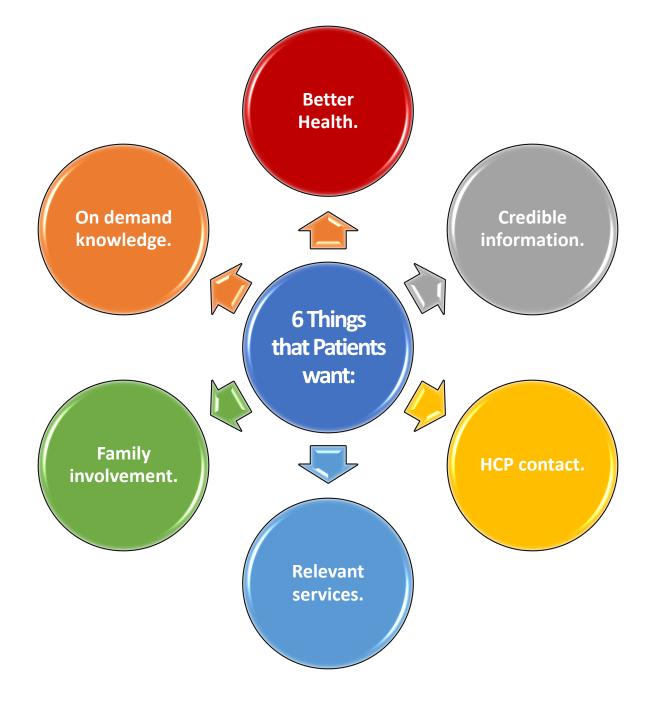






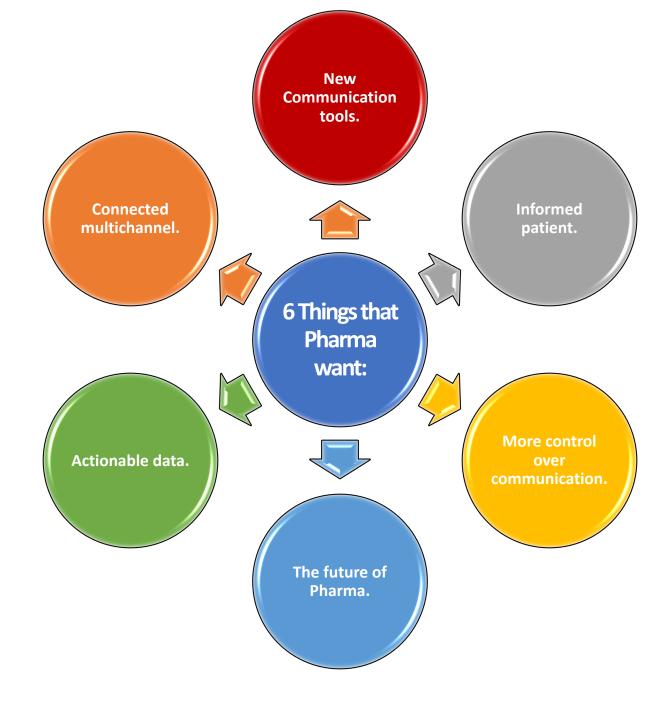




















Pharma Landscape 2020:







Seven Major Trends Reshaping the Pharma:



2- Increasing Influence of Policy-makers and Payers

3- Pay-for-Performance Vision

4- Necessity of New Forms of Healthcare

5- Pharmerging Markets

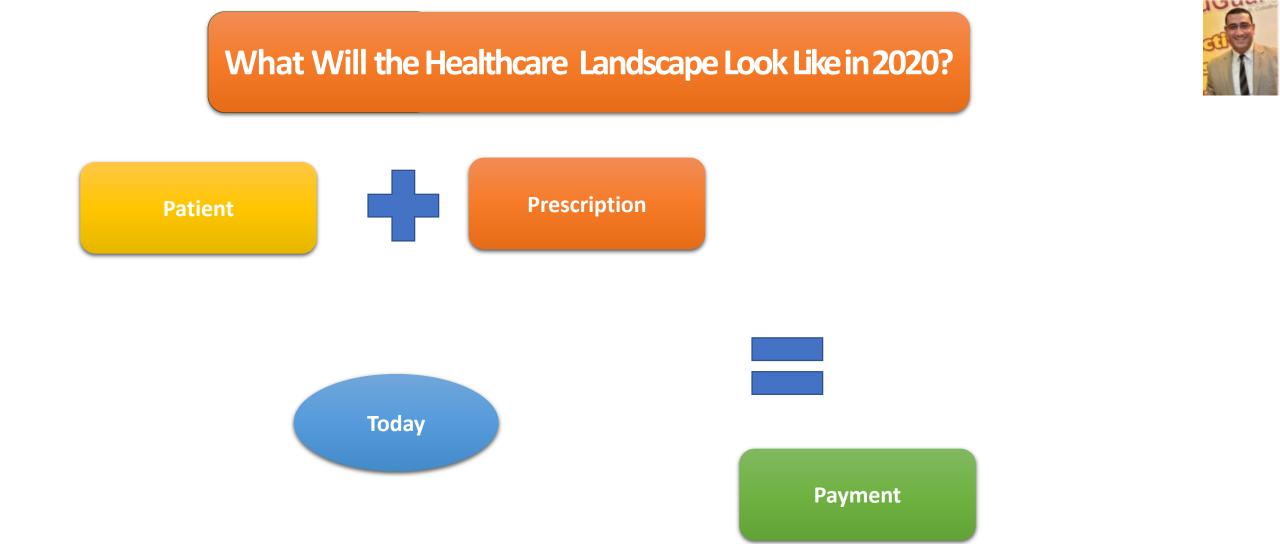
6- Regulatory Burden



7- Prevention Rather Than Treatment Orientation

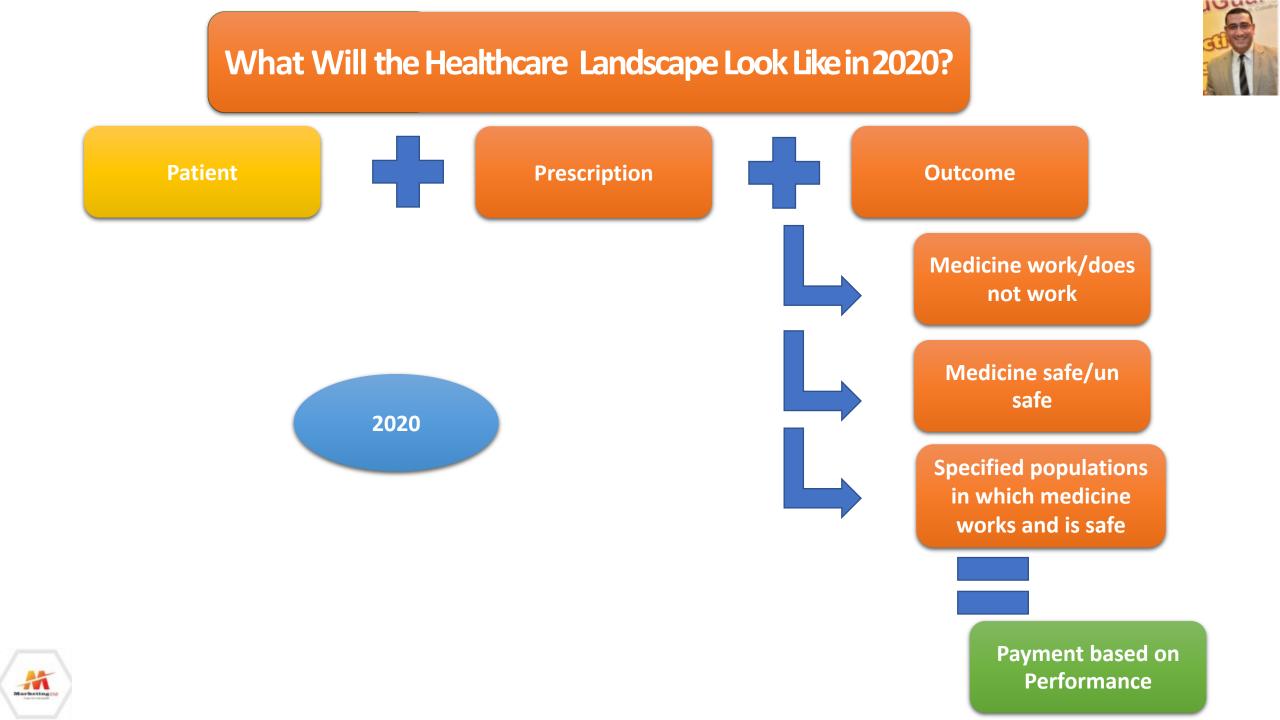


Jour









Pharma landscape 2020:



1 - Recognize the interdependence of the pharmaceutical and healthcare value chains.

2 - Ensure that they invest in developing medicines the market really wants.

3 - Form a web Of alliances to offer supporting services.

4 - Develop comprehensive plans for marketing and selling specialist therapies.

5 - Create organizational cultures that are suitable for marketing specialist healthcare.

6 - Manage multi-country launches and livelicensing.

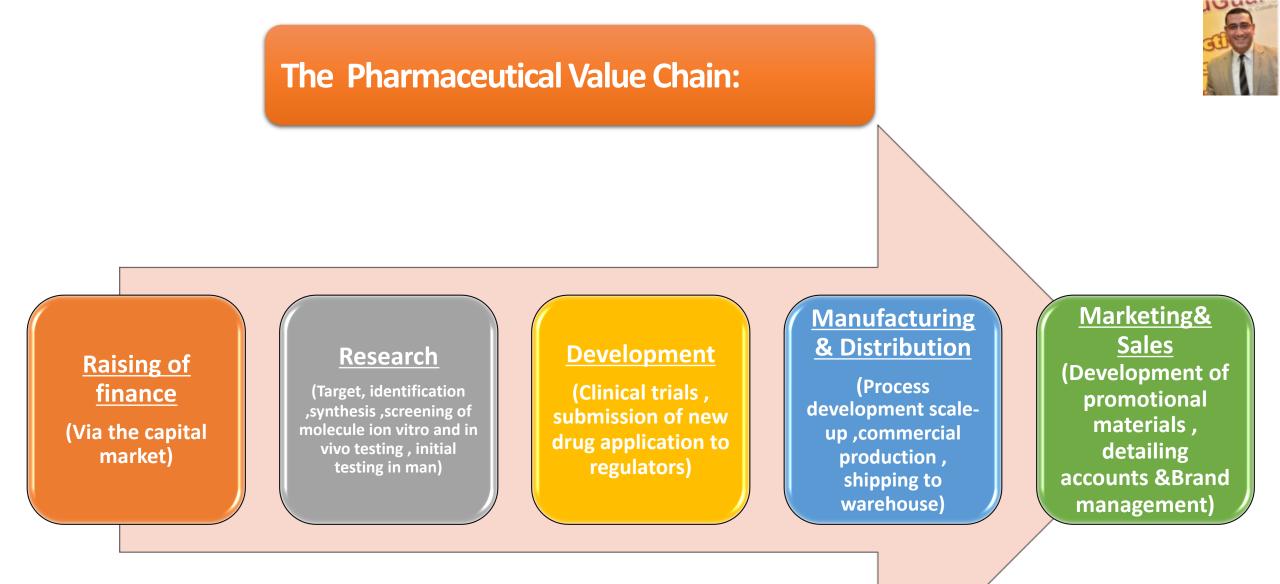
7- Adopt a more flexible approach to pricing.

8- Build marketing and sales functions that are fit for the future.

9-Clear digital marketing strategy.

10 – Clear promotion mix shifting power toward patients not providers.

EMPOWER YOUR SELF



EMPOWER YOUR SELF



The Health care Payer Value Chain:



Raising of finance

(Through premium ,taxes or out-of-pocket payment))

Provision of Cover

(Analysis of production at risk , administrative service etc..)

Medical service Management

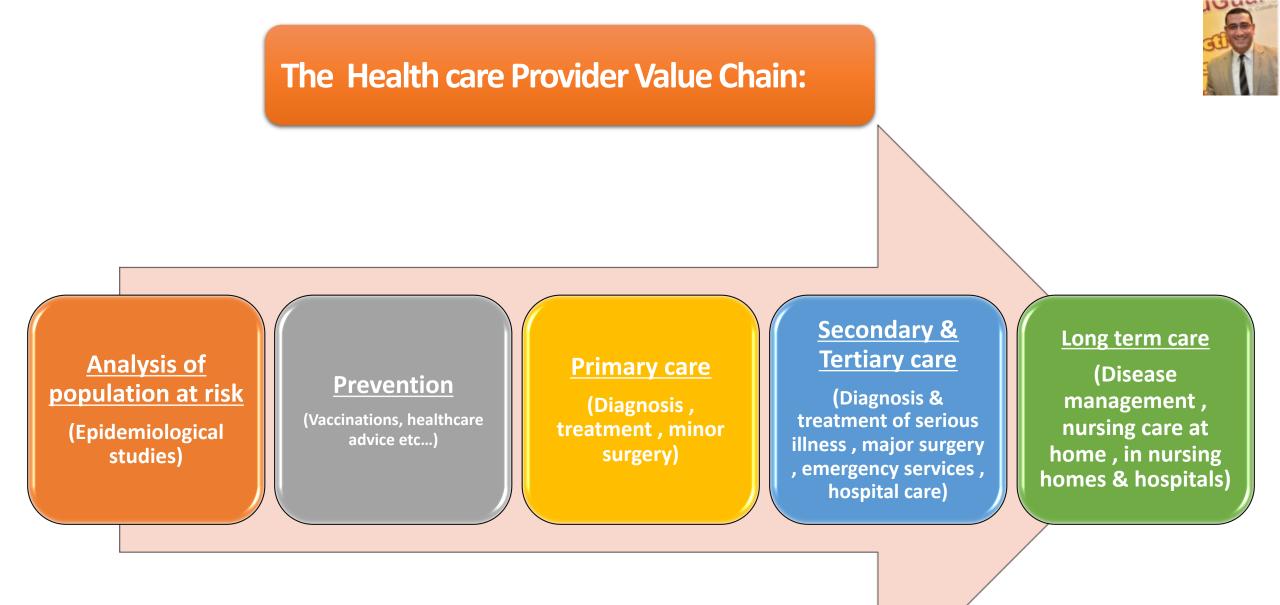
(Practice guideline, clinical guidance ,pharmacoeconomics evaluations ,formulations etc...)

Bill Payment

(Referral management monitoring &payment of healthcare provides bills)

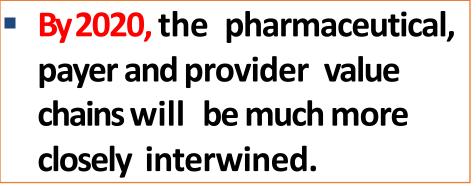


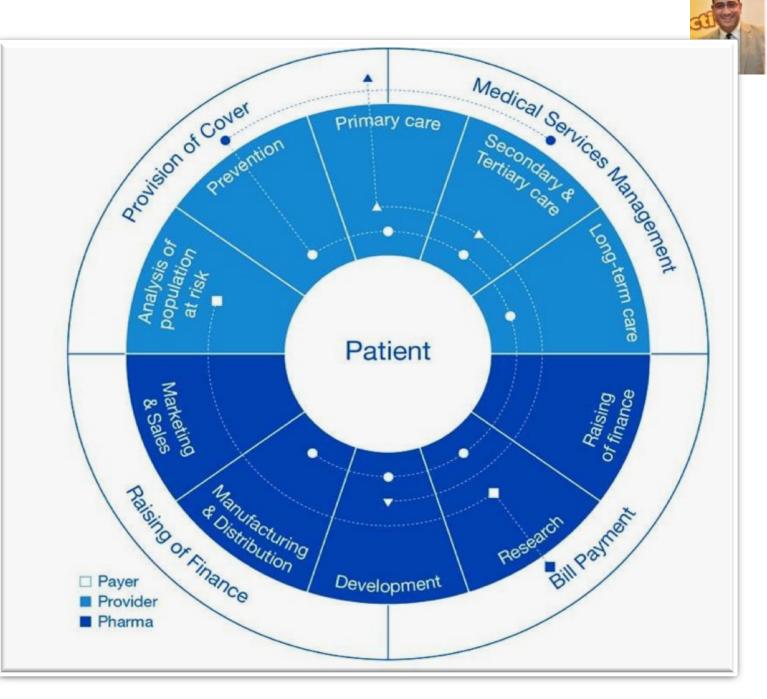












Juc



Pharma landscape 2020:



1 - Recognize the interdependence of the pharmaceutical and healthcare value chains.

2 - Ensure that they invest in developing medicines the market really wants.

3 - Form a web Of alliances to offer supporting services.

4 - Develop comprehensive plans for marketing and selling specialist therapies.

5 - Create organizational cultures that are suitable for marketing specialist healthcare.

6 - Manage multi-country launches and livelicensing.

7- Adopt a more flexible approach to pricing.

8- Build marketing and sales functions that are fit for the future.

9-Clear digital marketing strategy.

10 – Clear promotion mix shifting power toward patients not providers.

EMPOWER YOUR SELF



By 2020, pharmaceutical companies will need to offer a suite of supporting services for the treatments they launch.

Examples:

1-Afew companies have already paired up to develop complementary therapies and diagnostics, one of the best known examples being Genentech's partnership with DAKOto devise a test for identifying which patients with breast cancer can benefit from Herceptin.









2-Baxter Healthcare, which offers a range of services for patients suffering from renal failure.

These services vary from country to country, but they include a global educational website with customizable tools and information tailored to the needs of pediatric patients a network of nurses who provide dialysis training at home or in hospital, home delivery service and a travel service to support peritoneal dialysis patients travelling locally or globally.





3- Form a web of alliances to offer supporting services:



- In 2001, the company launched a global initiative called DAWN to provide "psychosocial support" for patients with diabetes.
- It also operates a "National Changing Diabetes" program in 66 countries, via which it provides training for medical staff, free bloodsugar screening, support for diabetes patient organizations and equipment for diabetes clinics, as well as working with governments to improve the diagnosis and treatment of the disease.







3- Form a web of alliances to offer supporting services:

4- Medtronic recently launched awireless monitoring service for patients with cardiac disease, which enables them to send data from their implanted devices directly to their doctors.

• By 2020, this model will apply to the industry as a whole.





Pharma landscape 2020:



1 - Recognize the interdependence of the pharmaceutical and healthcare value chains.

2 - Ensure that they invest in developing medicines the market really wants.

3 - Form a web Of alliances to offer supporting services.

4 - Develop comprehensive plans for marketing and selling specialist therapies.

5 - Create organizational cultures that are suitable for marketing specialist healthcare.

6 - Manage multi-country launches and livelicensing.

7- Adopt a more flexible approach to pricing.

8- Build marketing and sales functions that are fit for the future.

9-Clear digital marketing strategy.

10 – Clear promotion mix shifting power toward patients not providers.

Product

1- R&D Market - oriented medicine .

2- R&D linked with Marketing & Sales.

5- Provider and Pharma integrated value chain.

3- Mix of specialty and blockbuster strategy.

4- MNCs products domain market.

- 6- Customized package.
- 7- Portfolio Products supporting with service.

Price

1- Differentiated price according to income.

2- Payment based on Performance.

3- value control discount.

(Pharmacists – Distribution companies – Warehouses - Eprescription)

Place

1-New innovative

channels.

Promotion

 1- New model of Face to Face detailing.
 2- Online new health care model.
 3- Mobile APPS , Sensors, Biomarkers and Wearable devices.

4- E- Conferences.
5- Bonus E-Prescription
6- New ideas for free Medical Sample.
7- Effective CME.





Pharma changes:





Pharma basic functions:









Pharma changes:



1- First wave of change supply side.

2- Second wave change demand side.

3- Third wave of change digital health and teach paradigm.







Let it Happens:







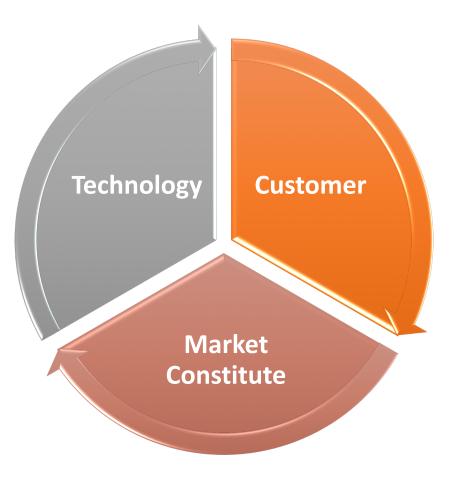
Pharma Business Model:





New business models offer hope:

• The manner in which it makes a profit by offering a product or service to specific individuals in a given context.

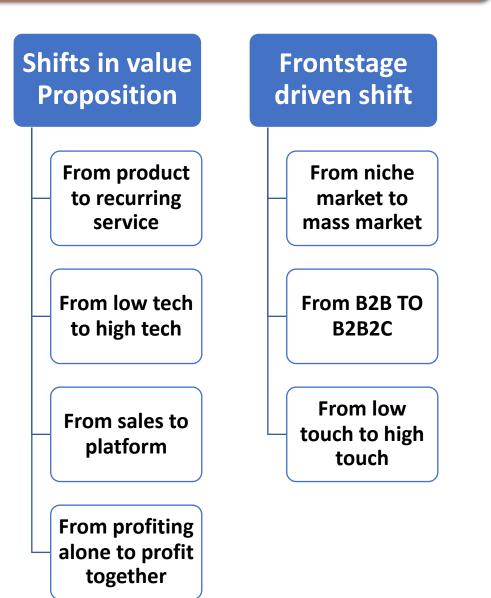






uu

New business models offer hope:



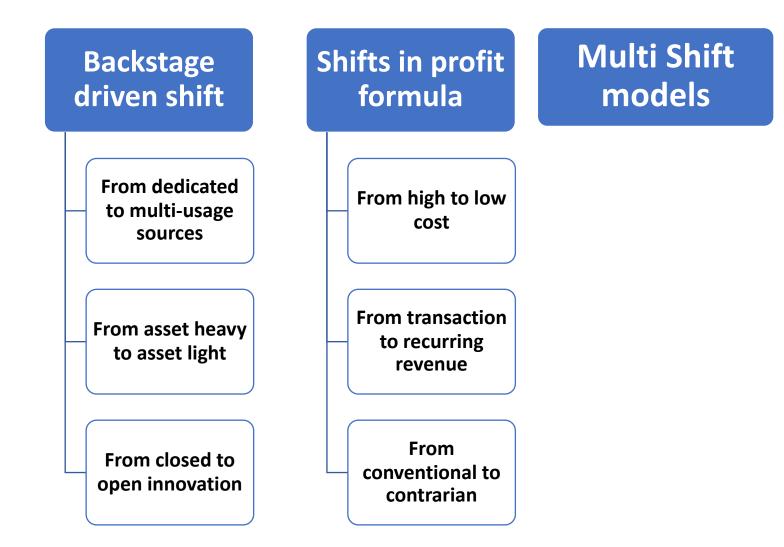




Jun

New business models offer hope:











How can we improve the value we offer our customers?

- From product to recurring service:
- The pharmaceutical industry is to **transition from selling products** (such as pills) to **offering recurring services** that encompass more than just the medication.
- This approach differs in scale and approach from previous attempts to move "beyond the pill", which focused largely on supplementary services.
- This approach yields more predictable and regular revenue streams that are primed to experience exponential growth. The lifetime value of individual customers also increases.







• Example: Rolls Royce the company transitioned from <u>a pay-per-car</u> <u>model</u>, akin to pharma's <u>pay-per-pill</u> approach, to <u>a subscription service</u> where customers are charged per mile of usage. This change has led to the highest revenue in the company's history.







- So they developed a new subscription model called <u>"Power-by-the-hour"</u>, and took over installations, checkups, maintenance, and decommissioning.
- Doctors don't want to be in the pharmaceutical business—they want to be in the patient business.
- They want to connect patients to long-term, sustainable solutions, and a subscription is one way to do that.



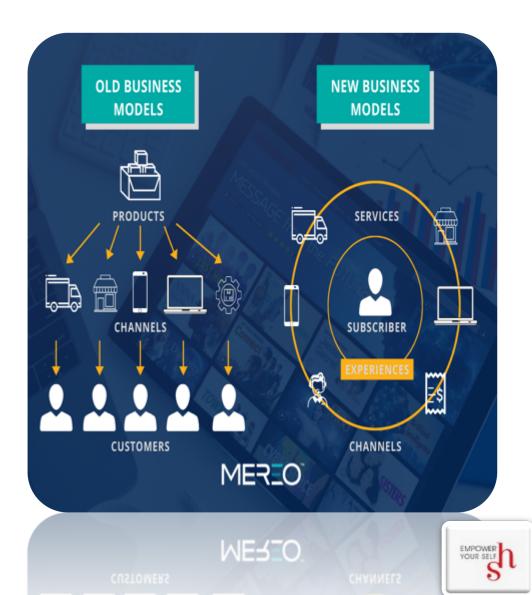






- Greatest value when they live long, healthy lives. Curing diseases would be just as profitable as treating them.
- <u>Ex:</u> The United Kingdom's NHS initiated a new trial involving a <u>subscription-based</u> <u>payment model</u> to encourage pharmaceutical companies to create novel antibiotics targeting antibiotic-resistant bacteria, something they've been hesitant to invest in due to falling returns from volume-based payment models.









- **Pfizer's** Zavifecta (ceftazidimeavibactam) and **Shionogi'**s Fetroja (cefiderocol).
- Over the next three months, the healthcare service will enlist the help of the pharmaceutical industry, patients, careers, and academics to discuss proposals of doubling annual payments for antibiotic contracts from £10 million (\$13 million) to £20 million (\$26 million).







"A 'Netflix-style' subscription model for antibiotic reimbursement changes the financial incentives for pharma companies; making the development of novel antibiotics that meet clinical unmet needs more attractive,"

Global data analyst

GlobalData.

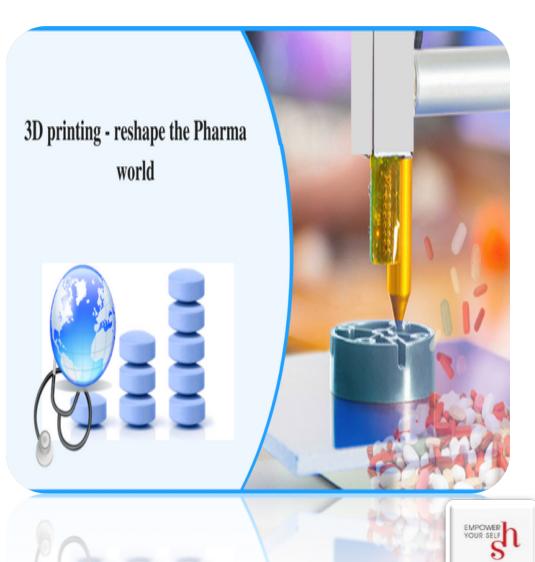




all a

From low tech to high tech:

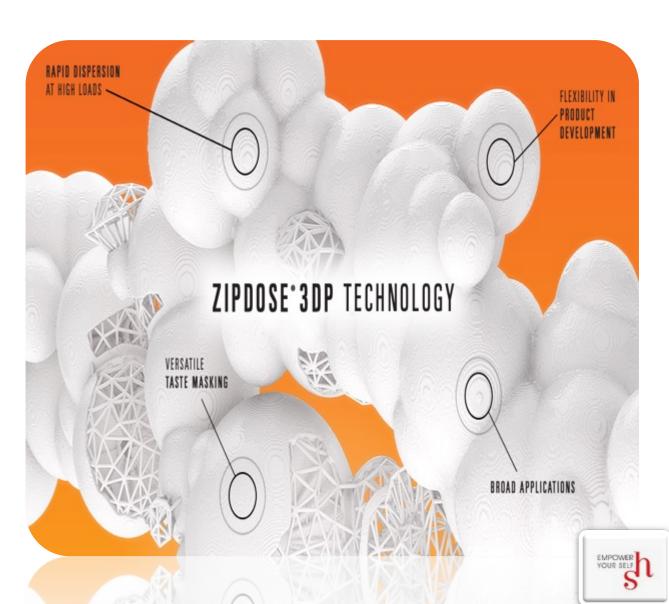
- Pharma companies need to embrace high-tech solutions, including AI and new forms of discovering, manufacturing, and delivering drugs.
- <u>Example1</u>: there are exciting opportunities in <u>3D</u>
 <u>printing</u>.
- One major advantage of 3D drug printing is the ability to create personalized medications tailored to a patient's unique needs.
- By adjusting the arrangement and density of active and inactive ingredients within pills, companies can produce drugs with precise release and absorption rates, enabling a new era of personalized medicine.
- Custom dosages at virtually no extra operational cost, increasing flexibility in medication production.







- Creation of pills that are easier to swallow.
- For example, Aprecia's ZipDose[®] Technology enables the manufacturing of highly porous, rapidly disintegrating pills that improve patient adherence.
- **Custom polypills**, designed for patients with **multiple medications**, can also enhance adherence and overall patient experience.
- Moreover, 3D printing could lead to the democratization of pharmaceuticals, with hospitals and doctors' offices potentially being able to manufacture their own medications.
- This can result in **reduced costs for unused medication**, **more efficient storage**, and **better patient outcomes in remote areas**.









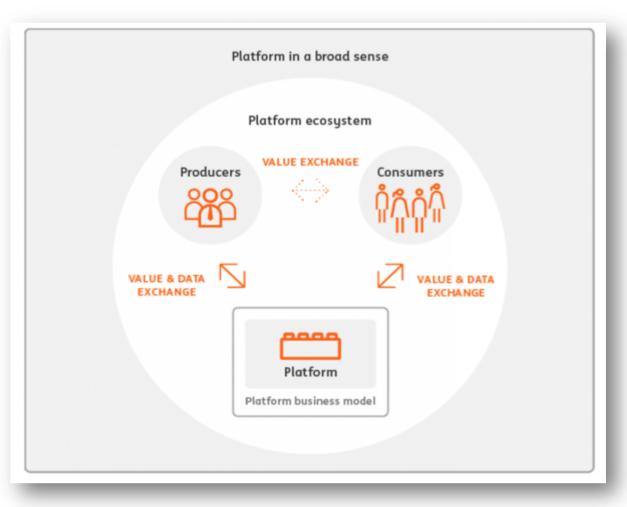
- Al in pharma R&D offers several potential benefits:
- Increasing efficiency, accuracy, and effectiveness, AI can replace manual tasks and provide valuable statistical insights for improved decision-making.
- AI-powered knowledge-sharing and communication tools can break down knowledge silos, promoting collaboration and resource utilization.
- Al can significantly reduce drug discovery costs by identifying inefficiencies, reducing redundancies, and optimizing processes, with some estimates suggesting savings of up to 70%.





• From sales to platform:

- Transitioning from <u>a product-centric</u> <u>approach</u> to <u>a platform-based</u> <u>model</u>, it's possible to achieve much greater stability.
- Users of the network benefit through access and use of its many interconnected resources.
- As a result are more resistant to disruption than individual products.







Example:

- Best Buy incorporated a platform focused on digital health, including Aldriven monitoring of elderly individuals in their homes, providing assistance in emergency situations such as falls.
- They also instituted one of Amazon's successful tactics offering a marketplace for big brands such as Samsung, Microsoft and Google. Their platform also includes subscription offers, contributing to the company's dramatic growth and reversal of decline.

BEST BUY Health

EMPOWER YOUR SELF

Best Buy Health enables care at home for everyone

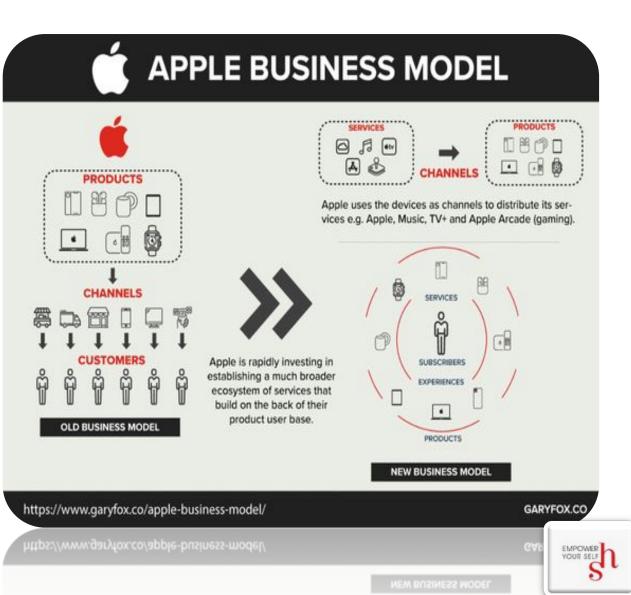
DIGITAL REPORT 2023





• Example:

- Apple, which shifted its business model with the launch of the App Store in 2008, connecting app developers and iPhone users.
- This transformation significantly increased customer value, created customer loyalty, and generated strong network effects.
- Consequently, Apple moved from solely selling hardware and its own software to managing a powerful platform—one that actually enhances the utility and attractiveness of its core products.





- **Profit alone to profit together:**
- An example from within the pharmaceutical industry comes from <u>Novartis' Biome initiative.</u>
- Launched in 2018, <u>Novartis Biome</u> is a digital network of "innovation hubs" that fosters collaboration between Novartis and various other technology startups, healthcare providers, and other stakeholders.
- The goal is to develop innovative digital solutions that can address unmet healthcare needs and improve patient outcomes.
- Novartis moved beyond the traditional pharmaceutical business model focused on drug (i.e., product) development and sales, instead leveraging their expertise and resources to build a network of partners that could jointly create and share value.

BIOME

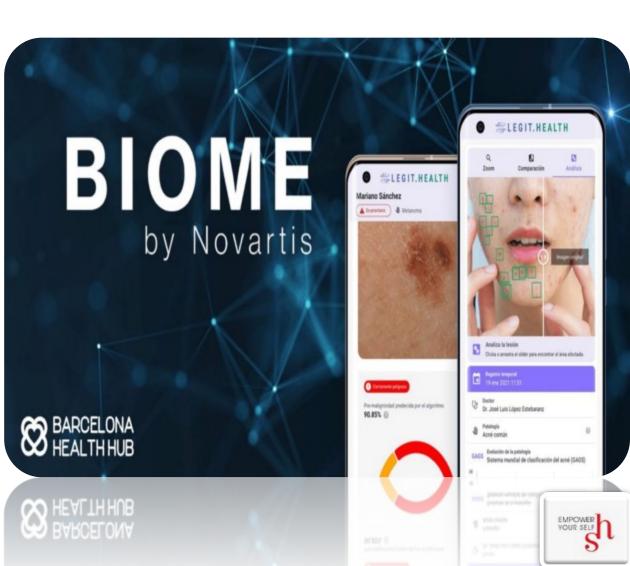
Digital Innovation Lab by Novartis







- This has allowed Novartis to indirectly explore digital health solutions in areas such as remote patient monitoring, Al-driven drug discovery, and personalized medicine.
- This not only increases value for customers but also creates synergies with Novartis' core pharmaceutical business—much like Apple's App Store did for its hardware products.
- This is a prime example of what PricewaterhouseCoopers predicted in 2007 would become necessary by 2020.







"The strategy of singlehandedly placing big bets on a few molecules, marketing them heavily, and turning them into blockbusters will not suffice.

" Pharma needs to "'profit together' by joining forces with a wide range of organizations. The resultant network offers greater value to customers than any single company could alone, and it makes the operator of the network indispensable and thus more resistant to disruption." - PWC 2007

pwc

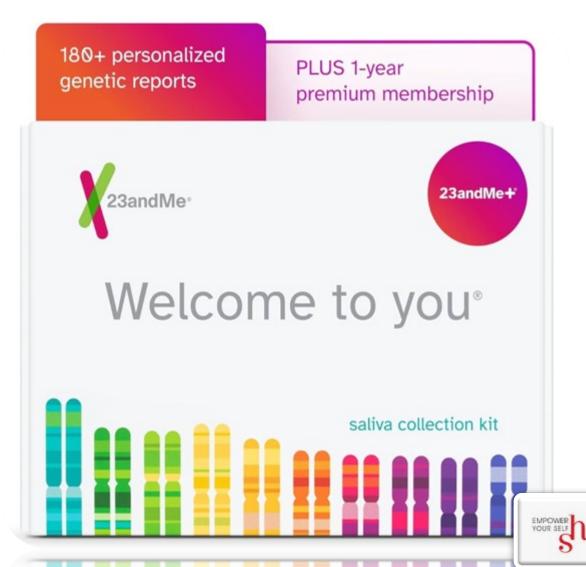






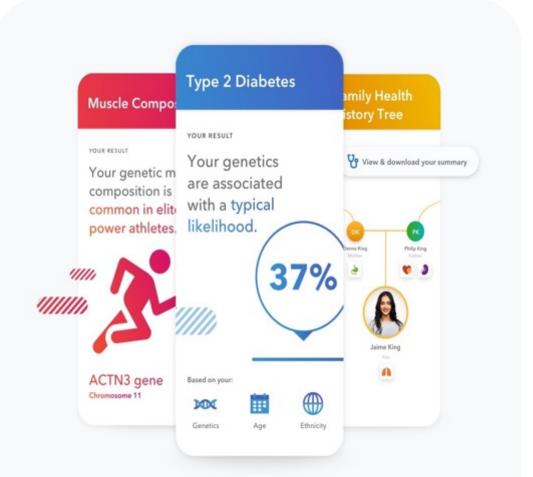
How can we target different customers and deliver products and services in new ways?

- From niche market to mass market:
- The market has become increasingly **competitive**, and **saturated**; fragmentation of the payer landscape has required pharma to tailor its offering to specific payer groups (e.g. private insurers, government programs, and integrated healthcare networks); and personalized care is becoming increasingly sought after, leading to greater focus on niche markets and specialized therapies.





- One potential approach would be to concentrate on health and wellness generally instead of solely on illness and targeted drug therapies.
- The industry has a wealth of existing genetic knowledge and expertise, for example, that it could leverage to offer a broader range of services to the general public, rather than just patients.
- A pharmaceutical company offering a \$99/month subscription service that includes genetic analysis for subscribers would not only provide personalized recommendations to help individuals avoid or manage conditions they may be genetically predisposed to, but it would also ensure access to necessary medications if they eventually develop those conditions.



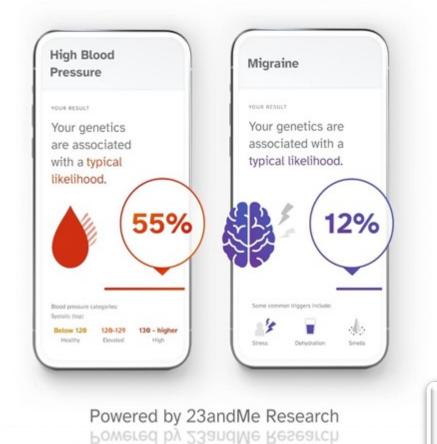




- By offering such a subscription, pharmaceutical companies could transition from a niche market to a mass-market approach, simultaneously expanding their customer base and promoting preventive healthcare.
- Plus, it would provide pharma with access to even more genetic data, which could be used to better understand specific populations, develop better and more target drugs, and further increase the benefits of the subscription by offering better recommendations—not just around illnesses and drugs, but overall health and general lifestyle. Moving out of the "disease market" and into the "general health" market would be a big win for the industry.

EXCLUSIVE ACCESS

Premium DNA insights to stay proactive with your healthy lifestyle.



EMPOWER YOUR SELF



• From B2B to B2(B2)C:

- Pharmaceutical companies must become more relevant to the customer directly.
- Example: In the 1990s, Intel launched its "Intel Inside" campaign to move from selling hardware just to PC manufacturers to educating consumers that this label meant a high-quality laptop. This allowed Intel to differentiate itself, charge more, and grow faster.
- This can only be made possible by understanding patient experiences and building relationships in new ways. Transitioning from the faceless—even distrusted and shadowy—guise of "Big Pharma", as it's seen by the public today, to a trusted health facilitator is essential—and there are many ways to do it:





BEYOND PILLS



- Emphasize corporate social responsibility (CSR) by funding research for neglected diseases, improving access to medications in underserved communities, and promoting environmental sustainability. By showcasing commitment to these issues, the industry can create a more positive image and strengthen its connection to consumers.
- Develop consumer-oriented digital tools, such as mobile apps or wearable devices, that help individuals monitor their health, track symptoms, and manage their medications. (See, for example, Novartis' smart <u>NovoPens</u>)
- Collaborate with patient advocacy groups, to better understand consumer needs and develop more patient-centric products and services, while also building trust and credibility within the patient community.
- Personalize medicine and genetic testing, as previously mentioned, and thus move beyond the traditional role of drug manufacturers and become more integrated into the overall healthcare ecosystem.





- From low-touch to high-touch:
- <u>High-touch</u> approaches emphasize the importance of human interaction, empathy, and personalized care, which are considered crucial in building trust and understanding individual needs.
- On the other hand, <u>low-touch</u> solutions leverage technology, automation, and data analytics to streamline processes, reduce costs, and improve efficiency.







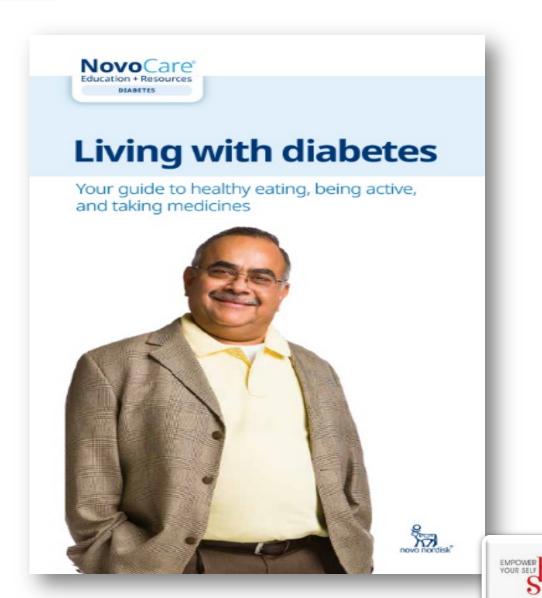
- Apple exemplifies this balance.
- Unsurprisingly, the tech giant leverages
 automation and data analytics to provide
 extremely convenient, simple and intuitive
 low-touch experiences for purchases,
 support, and more.
- But they also offer personal, human interactions via the Genius Bar, present in every store and always busy.
- In-store buying experiences are likewise high-touch.
- Apple has understood that those who prefer low-touch will naturally gravitate towards such tools, if they are offered and powerful; and those who prefer high-touch interactions will similarly seek them out.
- By providing both, Apple has managed to satisfy a highly diverse market.







- Examples can be found within pharma, as well:
- Novo Nordisk's NovaCare platform:
- Combines digital tools and personalized support with resources like financial assistance, educational materials, and personalized care plans, as well as access to diabetes care specialists who can provide one-on-one guidance.
- Sanofi's MyStar Connect app provides:
- Personalized coaching and support for persons with diabetes, allowing them to track their blood glucose levels, set goals, and monitor their progress. In addition to the digital tools, Sanofi collaborates with healthcare professionals to offer patients access to educational programs.



- Artificial intelligence can help automate the customer journey towards different touch points in a seamless manner.
- Next-generation Chabot's and digital humans, for example, can provide high-touch experiences with lowtouch stress on business, and help gather information for a human endof-journey experience that's highly personalized and successfully responds to customer expectations and needs.





How can we use resources differently and more effectively?

- From dedicated to multi-usage resources:
- Businesses that can extract greater value from existing, especially untapped resources benefit from new and more diversified revenue streams and reduced costs of labor and raw materials.
- Example:
- British Petroleum (BP) they started supplying petrochemical products to make clothes and building materials, produced refined petroleum products and scaled up co-processing of lower carbon fields, and identified new resources and development options for the exploitation an extract of oil and gas to extend the life of existing assets.
- Expertise and knowledge is also a resource that can be exploited in new ways.







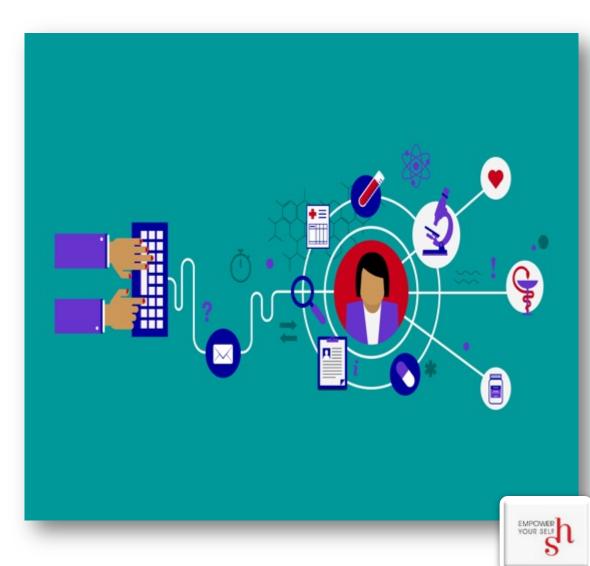


- Ex: With the digitization of film, Fujifilm was forced to pivot from analog film to other industries. They leveraged their expertise in collagen—a major component of both film and skin—to create <u>Astalift skincare</u>.
- This new adjacent business allowed them to bounce back when the analog film business declined, unlike Kodak.
- Fujifilm then expanded into medical devices, functional materials, and pharmaceuticals, building an entirely new value proposition while leveraging their existing expertise in collagen.





- Pharmaceutical companies sell drugs, but they have many adjacent assets: data, relationships with doctors and patients, medical expertise, labs, supply chains, clinical trials, and more. Pharma must find new ways to combine and use these.
- <u>There are already some exciting</u> <u>examples in the industry:</u>







- Pfizer partnered with Concerto HealthAI to utilize real-world data and AI to optimize clinical trial design and accelerate drug development.
- Novartis partnered with Microsoft to develop an AI-powered drug design platform to expedite the drug discovery process.
- AstraZeneca partnered with BenevolentAl to use Al to identify new drug targets for chronic kidney disease.
- Roche partnered with GE Healthcare to develop a digital platform that uses Al to optimize patient outcomes by analyzing data from medical imaging and other sources.
- Sanofi partnered with Google to use AI and machine learning to improve their drug development processes and accelerate the discovery of new therapeutic targets.







Other ways to transition from dedicated to multi-usage resources include:

- <u>Recycling and byproducts</u> (both material and immaterial), and waste. For example, **some byproducts and waste materials** of pharmaceutical manufacturing **can be used as fuel**, **raw materials for other industries**, and **in the production of other pharmaceutical products**.
- <u>Traditional manufacturing processes</u> in pharma rely on dedicated production lines and equipment optimized for specific products. Adopting **flexible manufacturing processes** allows for the repurposing and **sharing of resources across different product lines.**
- Sharing research and development resources with other players within and beyond pharma to reduce duplication of efforts.







From asset-heavy to asset-light:

- Many pharmaceutical companies have wisely begun looking for ways to reduce their asset-heavy operations and transition to assetlight business models, by outsourcing manufacturing, divesting non-core assets, and leveraging intellectual property and knowledge.
- <u>There are two primary ways of</u> <u>achieving this:</u>

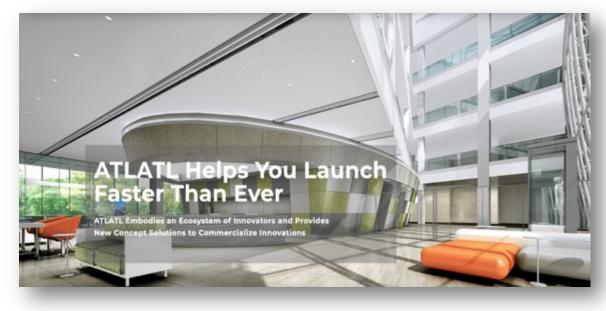






1- Is to outsource asset-heavy operations:

- The <u>ATLATL Innovation Center in China</u> is a good example of this.
- The center offers a range of services to pharmaceutical companies, including R&D, clinical trials, manufacturing, and supply chain management.
- By outsourcing these operations, pharmaceutical companies can reduce their asset-heavy operations, reduce costs, and focus on their core business of developing innovative drugs.











2- Is to leverage recent advancements in technology :

• For example, the advent of 3D printing, though, offers new ways for pharmaceutical companies to produce drugs in smaller batches, allowing for greater variation and personalization in the drugs produced.





From closed to open innovation:

- With open innovation, firms create and leverage partnerships with startups and disruptors, rather than relying exclusively or primarily on in-house efforts to innovate.
- Novartis established the <u>Novartis Venture</u> <u>Fund</u> to **identify and fund early-stage life** science companies.
- AstraZeneca's <u>Open Innovation Gateway</u> provides a platform for external researchers and startups to collaborate with the company on drug discovery and development.
- Many labs, including Zoetis and Pfizer, have Compound Transfer Programs to the same end.

*



FUNDED BY NOVARTIS









- There are several key ways pharmaceutical companies can continue championing and benefiting from open innovation:
- Partnering with experts in AI and ML to analyze data from internal and external sources, such as research papers, clinical trials, and patient data, to identify new drug candidates.
- <u>Launching online</u> platforms and contests **to engage the public**, including patients and caregivers, in "crowdsourced" drug discovery.
- Partnering with patient advocacy groups to identify unmet medical needs and innovate new ways to support existing patients, especially beyond the pill.
- Partnering with experts in block chain for secure data sharing between pharmaceutical companies, external researchers, and other stakeholders.
- Collaborating with non-traditional partners, such as consumer goods companies, to develop new drug delivery systems, improve patient engagement, and enhance patient monitoring.







• The name of the game is <u>synergy</u>, and there are countless opportunities for pharmaceutical companies with the growing number of startups, both within and beyond health sciences, as well as incumbents in other areas.





How can we adjust the relationship between revenue and costs?

From high- to low-cost:

- Historically, pharmaceutical business models have avoided low-cost products because they appear to offer low returns.
- But with newer technologies, business models can adapt to create cost structures that attract customers with smaller budgets.
- In 2002, Dow Corning (now Dow Silicones Corporation) recognized that the market for silicone was becoming increasingly competitive, and that their business was under threat.
- In response, they created a new business model to offer silicon products at a lower cost than their competitors, which they called Xiameter. Xiameter ran alongside their original, high-cost silicon business.







- Apple's various lineups are another example. Customers can purchase an iPhone Pro Max for \$1200 or an iPhone SE for \$300; an Apple Watch Ultra for \$800 or an Apple Watch SE for \$250.
- Pharma could do the same with generic drugs.
- Currently, they mostly let them go (although Novartis and Pfizer both produce branded and generic drugs, to great effect).
- And demand for generic drugs has more than doubled in the last 10 years, capturing roughly 75% of prescriptions







• From transactional to recurring revenue:

- The case is well illustrated with Adobe Creative Cloud;
- From transactional to subscription. Adobe moved from perpetual software licenses to a monthly subscription service for Adobe Creative Cloud, and was able to increase revenue year on year.
- From sales to recurring service propositions. The perpetual software license required seasonal software upgrades. With Creative Cloud, subscribers get immediate access to upgrades, online technical support, online storage, publishing, and file-sharing capabilities.
- From transactional to long-term relationship. The move to Creative Cloud meant that
 relationships between the customer and Adobe moved from a punctual, transactional event to a
 long-term engagement and relationships. Adobe leveraged this to create a thriving online user
 community that greatly contributes to the overall value proposition.
- From continuous, hard-won customer acquisition to single, first-time acquisitions. Finally, the move allowed Adobe to focus on acquiring customers once, and then providing them with a lifetime of products and services.







- There are other ways to make the transition from transactional to recurring revenue:
- Maintenance and Support: Pharmaceutical companies can (and do) offer ongoing monitoring of patient health and regular check-ins with healthcare providers through partnerships with healthcare providers and through the development of proprietary software and monitoring tools.
- Service Contracts: Pharmaceutical companies could offer service contracts that provide ongoing access to certain services, such as telemedicine consultations or access to specialty pharmacy services. These contracts could be sold directly to consumers or through partnerships with healthcare providers.
- Memberships: Pharmaceutical companies could create membership programs that provide access to exclusive products, services, or content. For example, access to patient education materials, personalized health coaching, or discounts on prescription drugs.







• From conventional to contrarian:

- Old-school business models are slow to shed resources that no longer drive revenue, especially when they still deliver value to the customer.
- A more contrarian but long-term successful approach is to quickly identify and eliminate the most costly resources from the business model (whatever shape they may take), even if it creates short-term pain. Then, repositioning efforts and expenses to other areas that deliver greater returns.







- <u>Start with a clear vision</u>: Define a clear and compelling vision for the future, then work backwards to identify the strategies and actions needed to achieve that vision.
- <u>Challenge assumptions</u>: Question assumptions and challenge conventional wisdom in a data-driven and thoughtful way. Seek out diverse perspectives.
- <u>Build a culture of dissent</u>: Create a culture that encourages dissent and diverse viewpoints. Welcome feedback and criticism, and stay open to changing course if the data warrants it.
- Manage risk: Taking risks is necessary for innovation and growth and must be managed intelligently. Identify and mitigate potential risks, and build in contingencies to minimize the impact of unexpected events.
- <u>Stay focused on the long-term</u>: Focus on long-term outcomes, even in the face of short-term setbacks. Resilience and adaptability are key.









How can we combine different transformations to make businesses unique and hard to replicate?

- Case Study: Ørsted is a Danish energy company.
- In 2009, it recognized that fossil fuels were neither environmentally sustainable nor financially viable.
- The company made the decision to shift from fossil fuels to green energy technology, with three key drivers to combat climate change:
- 1- It aimed to **phase out coal** by 2023 and generate nearly 100% green energy by 2025, focusing entirely on **renewables.**
- 2- It strove to become a leader in offshore wind and develop innovations and large-scale deployment of onshore wind, solar energy, and storage solutions, with the goal of delivering green energy to hundreds of millions of people.
- 3- It sought to gradually phase out natural gas trading activities while increasing the green share of power traded, and work with suppliers to reduce carbon emissions from the manufacturing and installation of renewable energy.





Multi-shift models



- To achieve these goals, Ørsted made several shifts in their business model, starting in 2012:
- A shift from dedicated resources to multi-usage of key resources. Ørsted was a leader in offshore drilling know-how in the North Sea and decided to move to building offshore wind farms, facilitating a radical shift from fossil fuel energy to renewables.
- A move from low tech to high tech, investing significant costs to move to new high-tech green power plants. The government facilitated this transition through subsidies to support Ørsted's move to wind farms.
- A transition from volatile transaction revenues to predictable recurring revenues. Traditional revenues from fossil fuels were volatile due to price dependence and geopolitical factors, including fluctuating commodity prices. Wind-based energy, however, has fixed pricing due to subsidies, which allowed Ørsted to move their fixed pricing to 81% of their portfolio in 2018.





Multi-shift models

- Example comes from one of pharma's main players, Danish company Novo Nordisk:
- Founded in 1923, Novo Nordisk is not a newcomer to the pharmaceutical arena. It made its name as a specialist in diabetes management and has become one of the world's leading insulin producers.
- Novo Nordisk realized that straightforward insulin and diabetes care products were insufficient for the future and needed to innovate to become sustainable.
- Using artificial intelligence and other technological tools, Novo Nordisk now provides connected tools, platforms, programs and services for those with diabetes, helping to improve their care and wellbeing.









- In terms of business model shifts, Novo Nordisk undertook many of the above, including moving <u>from transactional to recurring revenue</u>, changes from <u>sales to platform</u> (while still maintaining the pay-perpill alongside the new revenue model), and a shift from <u>dedicated</u> <u>resources to multi-usage resources.</u>
- Fundamentally, they undertook a <u>value proposition shift</u> while retaining some core elements of being a drug company. They underwent a seismic change from being <u>drug-led to becoming</u> <u>customer relationship-led</u>.
- Using AI tools, they became <u>industry leaders in digital therapeutics</u> in the diabetes space.





Multi-shift models



- Novo Nordisk's business model incorporates artificial intelligence in multiple ways:
- For example, their diabetes pens track accurate dosing data, linked, using Near Field Communication, to a user's chosen app so that patients can view insulin and blood sugar data together.
- This provides better data and insight to patients and their physicians, allowing for better diabetes management.
- It also ensures a more personalized customer approach with digital therapeutics that allow individual choice.
- Alongside this, there is a shift to multi-usage resources using data collected to optimize the development of new diabetes solutions with better predictions.
- Novo Nordisk's success is a testament to its ability to change its business model radically.





Keys	AirBnB	Alibaba	Amazon	Google	Healx	Ikea	Lego	Rolls Royce	Uber	Wayfair	Zara	Zipcar	319
Personalization	√	\checkmark	√	~	\checkmark	√	√		√		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Asset Sharing	1				√				√			~	
Collaborative Ecosystem	1	~	√	~	\checkmark	~	√	√	1	~	\checkmark		
Closed Loop						1		√		1			
Usage based pricing		√	1	√			√	√	√			~	
Agility	√		√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	1	







Common traits among future-proofed companies

- Personalization
- Asset Sharing
- Collaborative Ecosystem
- Closed Loop
- Usage-based Pricing
- Agility







Pharma Strategy:



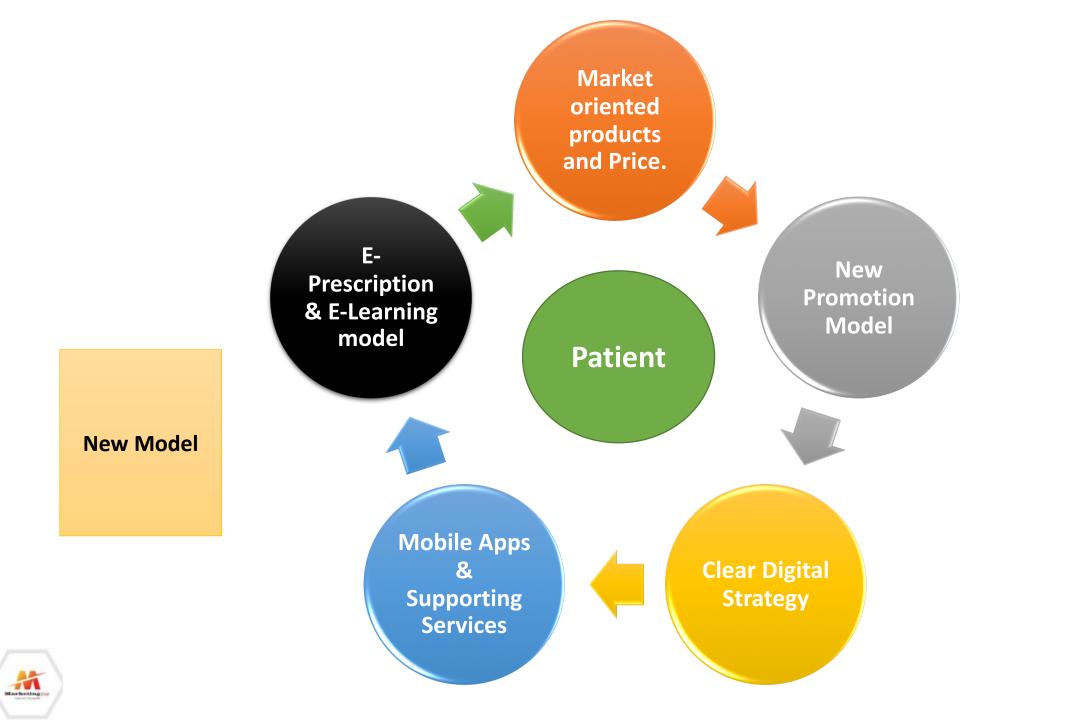


Core DNA for company positioning - Genotypes

*

Pharmaceutical Industry: 3 C's Model "Saber Helal Model"











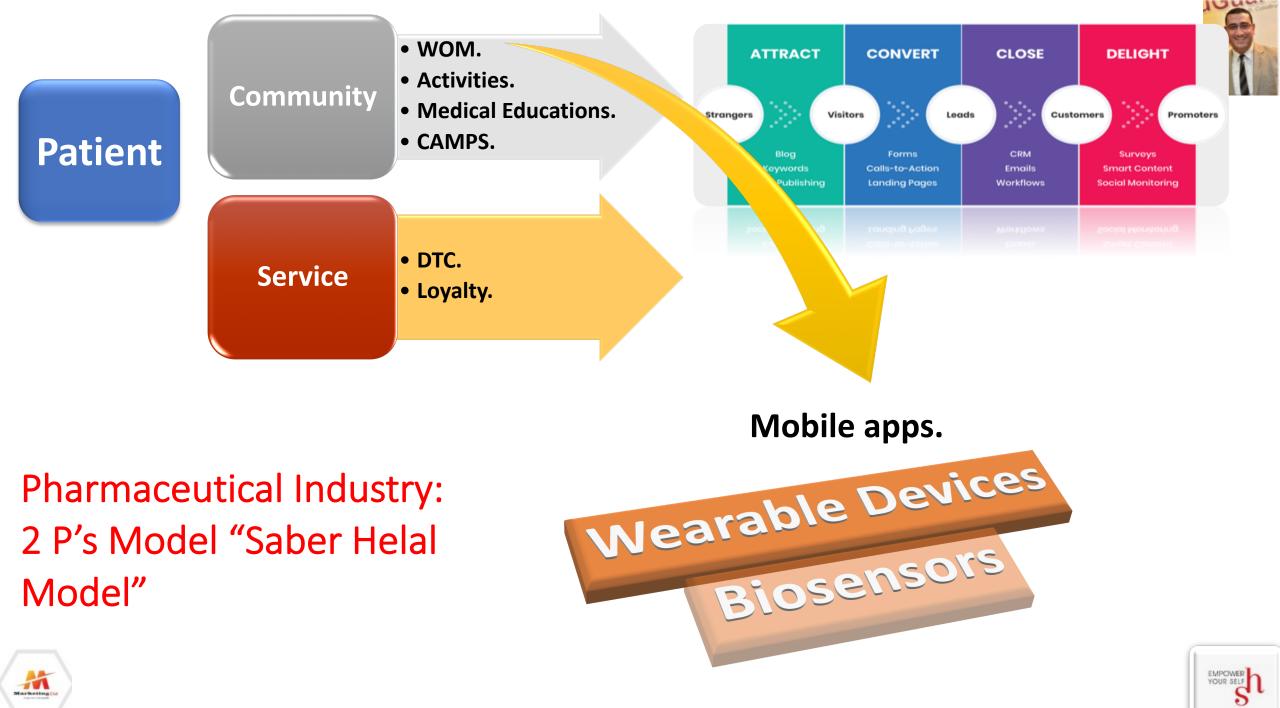




Markeling (*

Pharmaceutical Industry:2 P's Model "Saber Helal Model"







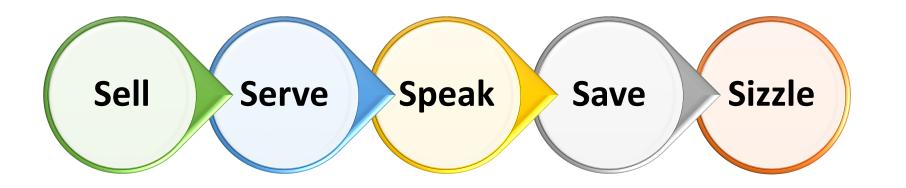
Pharma Digital Objective:







5Ss Model:







Digital Objectives:



Benefits	How benefit is delivered	Typical objectives
Sell – Grow sales	 Achieved through wider distribution to <u>customers</u> you <u>can't readily service offline</u> or perhaps through <u>wider product</u> <u>range</u> than in-store or <u>lower</u> <u>prices</u> compared to other channels. 	 Achieved 10% of sales online in market. Increase online sales for products by 20% in year. Increase CR% by 5%.
Serve – Add value	 Achieved through giving customers <u>extra benefits online</u> or <u>inform product development</u> through online dialogue and feedback. 	 Increase CR% by 5% increase interaction with different content on site. Increase dwell duration or pages per view on site by 10% (sometimes known as stickiness).





Digital Objectives:



EMPOWER YOUR SELF

Speak – Get closer to customer	 This is creating <u>a two-way</u> <u>dialogue</u> through web and email forms and polls ;conducting <u>online market research</u> through formal surveys; and informally monitoring <u>chat rooms to learn</u> about them. Also speak through <u>reaching them via key</u> <u>influencers</u> through E-PR. 	 Grow mail coverage to 50% of current customer database. Survey 1000 customers online each month. Increase visitors to community site section on increase rating/reviews and discussing by 5%.
Save – Save costs	 Achieved through online email communications , sales and service transaction to reduce staff, print and postage costs. 	 Generate 10% more sale for same communication budget. Reduce cost of direct marketing by 15% through email. Increase web self-service to 40% of all service enquiries and reduce overall cost –to-serve by 10%.

Marketing

Digital Objectives:



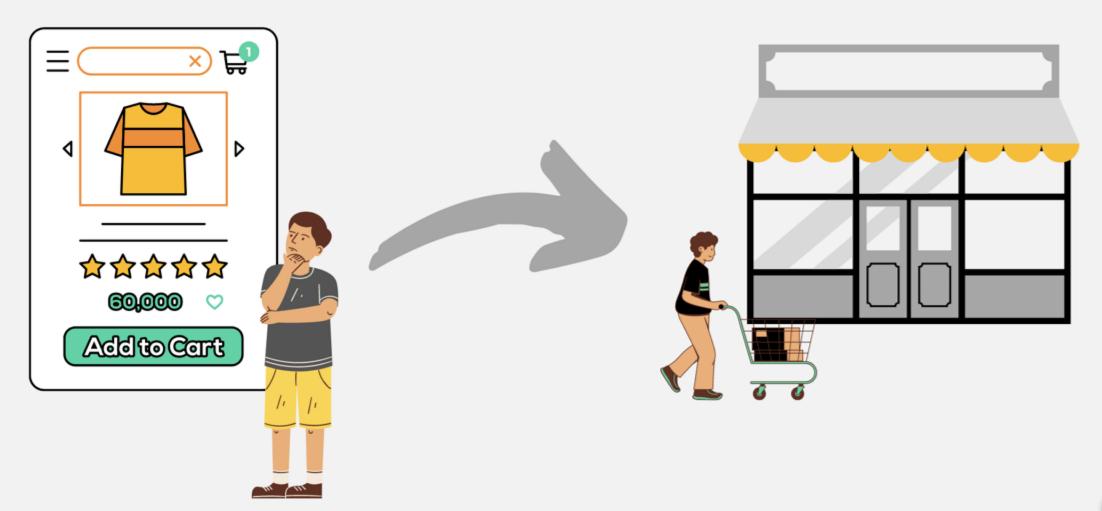
Sizzle – Extend the brand on line	 Achieved through providing a new proposition and new experience online while at the same time appearing familiar. 	 Add two significant to the customer online experience. Rework online value proposition messages. Improve branding metrics such as : brand awareness, reach , brand favorability and purchase intent.
-----------------------------------	---	--







ROPO-Effect







Digital Evolution

From Traditional Sales Force Only to Digitally Enhanced and from 'Push' to 'Pull' Marketing

What we need



How we will do it

KPIs & Success Metrics KPI setting for key projects, training & playbook, SOPs fund evidence studies

Training & Change Management Align with Customer Journey Mapping Agile & project management





Content Sourcing & approval, Central Content RFP

Digital Reach Coordinate & support Opt-In Campaigns

What to utilize

	Social media Campaigns
	Websites
	websites
	Emails
	Virtual events
	Remote Detailing
	Social Listening
	ivate Windows
Go t	 Settings to activate Windows Kols Digital Profili

YOUR SELF









#110th Marketing Club 18th Riyadh

72nd Business Club

FMP Fast Moving Pharma Marketing

Tuesday 3-10-2023 10 PM EGY 10 PM KSA 11 PM UAE

FOUNDER & HOST

Dr.Mahmoud Bahgat



INSTRUCTOR

Dr. Saber Helal Marketing Manager